

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problem Mailbox.**

09772617

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSSPTA1613SXW

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

* * * * * Welcome to STN International * * * * *

NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2	Apr 08	"Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	Jun 03	New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS	4	Aug 08	PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS	5	Aug 19	Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE) now available on STN
NEWS	6	Aug 26	Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	7	Sep 03	JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	8	Sep 16	Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS	9	Sep 16	CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS	10	Oct 01	CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS	11	Oct 24	BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS	12	Oct 24	Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS	13	Nov 18	DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS	14	Nov 25	More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS	15	Dec 04	CSA files on STN
NEWS	16	Dec 17	PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS	17	Dec 17	TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS	18	Dec 17	Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS	19	Jan 29	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX, ENERGY, INSPEC
NEWS	20	Feb 13	CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS	21	Feb 24	METADEX enhancements
NEWS	22	Feb 24	PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS	23	Feb 24	TEMA now available on STN
NEWS	24	Feb 26	NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	25	Feb 26	PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS	26	Mar 04	SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS	27	Mar 19	APOLLIT offering free connect time in April 2003
NEWS	28	Mar 20	EVENTLINE will be removed from STN
NEWS	29	Mar 24	PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS	30	Mar 24	Additional information for trade-named substances without structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS	31	Apr 11	Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS	32	Apr 14	MEDLINE Reload
NEWS	33	Apr 17	Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	34	Apr 21	Indexing from 1947 to 1956 being added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	35	Apr 21	New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS	36	Apr 28	RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS	37	May 05	Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names added to PHAR

09772617

NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that
specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer
agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific
research. Use for software development or design or implementation
of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may
result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

* * * * * STN Columbus * * * * *

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:01:00 ON 06 MAY 2003

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:01:10 ON 06 MAY 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 5 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 510776-00-8

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 5 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 510776-00-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
PROPERTIES for more information. See STN Note 27, Searching Properties
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>

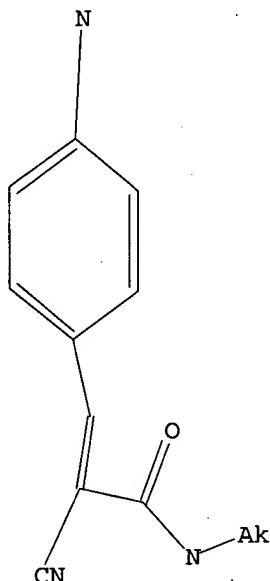
Uploading 09772617.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

09772617

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:01:26 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 385 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 385 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

6 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 6523 TO 8877
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 6 TO 266

L2 6 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:01:30 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 7302 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 7302 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

214 ANSWERS

L3 214 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE	TOTAL
ENTRY	SESSION
148.15	148.36

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:01:34 ON 06 MAY 2003
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

09772617

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 6 May 2003 VOL 138 ISS 19
FILE LAST UPDATED: 5 May 2003 (20030505/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s l3 full
L4 57 L3

=> d l4 1-57 ibib abs hitstr

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:669731 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:202707
TITLE: A process for producing uniform multilayer second order nonlinear optical polymeric thin polar films
INVENTOR(S): Roberts, M. Joe; Lindsay, Geoff A.; Wynne, Kenneth J.; Chafin, Andrew P.; Stenger-Smith, John D.; Zarras, Peter; Yee, Rena Y.; Holloins, Richard A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The United States of America as Represented by the Seceretary of the Navy, USA
SOURCE: Statutory Invent. Regist., 13 pp.
CODEN: SRXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2046	H1	20020903	US 1997-956017	19971022

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-956017 19971022

AB The title films incorporate aligned non-centrosym. chromophores each having an electron donor end and an electron acceptor end, and the title process, i.e., alternating polyelectrolyte deposition process, comprises steps of: (1) dipping a substrate (T), e.g., a glass slide, into a first aq. soln. (S1) contg. an NLO-active cationic polymer (A) and removing T from S1 after designed time, (2) cleaning and drying T, (3) dipping the dried T into a second aq. soln. (S2) contg. an anionic polymer (B) and removing T from S2, (4) cleaning and drying T again, (a) repeating the steps 1-4 so that a predetd. plurality of alternating polycation and polyanion layers are built up uniformly on the surface of T. One example of A was prepd. by reacting poly(epichlorohydrin) with 4-picoline and 4-(N-ethyl-N-Et acetalyl)aminobenzaldehyde substantially, and one example

of B was poly(sodium 4-styrenesulfonate).

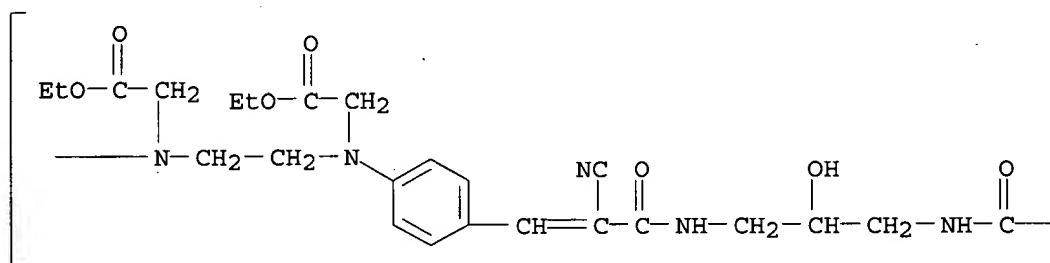
IT 223678-01-1DP, hydrolyzed, sodium salt 223678-01-1P
 RL: CPS (Chemical process); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of anionic polymer for fabrication of multilayer second order nonlinear optical thin films)

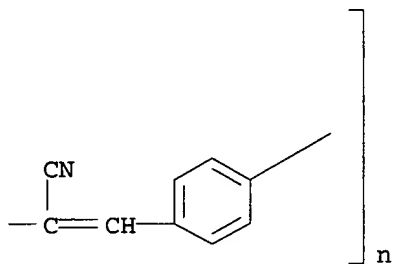
RN 223678-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) imino (2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl) imino (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



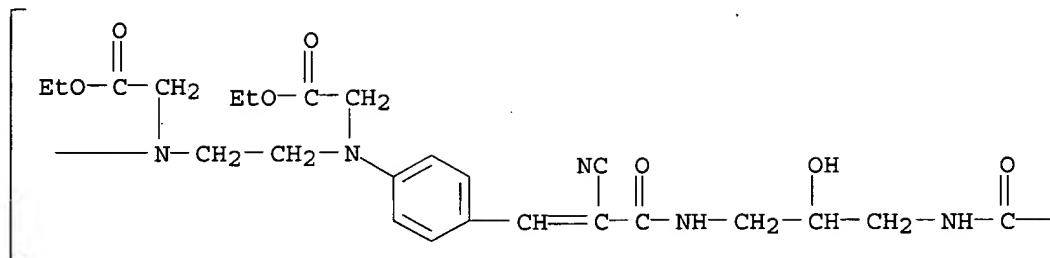
PAGE 1-B



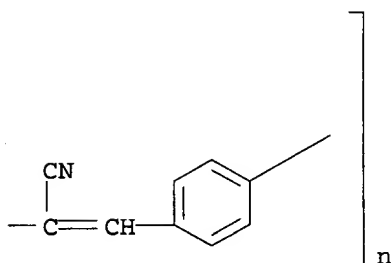
RN 223678-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) imino (2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl) imino (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

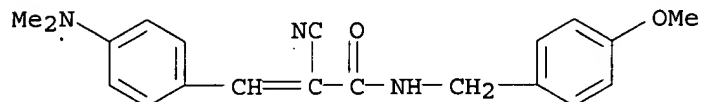
L4 ANSWER 2 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:287721 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:232422
 TITLE: Green chemistry approaches to the Knoevenagel condensation: comparison of ethanol, water and solvent free (dry grind) approaches
 AUTHOR(S): McCluskey, Adam; Robinson, Philip J.; Hill, Tim; Scott, Janet L.; Edwards, J. Kate
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemistry, School of Environmental and Life Sciences, The University of Newcastle, Callaghan, 2308, Australia
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2002), 43(17), 3117-3120
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:232422
 AB The authors report a comparative study of the Knoevenagel condensation with a variety of substituted benzaldehydes (17 examples) and cyanoamides (3 examples), using three different methodologies: (a) traditional ethanol reflux; (b) water reflux; and (c) solvent free conditions. Almost without exception these reactions proceeded faster, more cleanly and in higher yields when the reactions were conducted in a solvent-free fashion. Addnl., our solvent free approach allowed the use of nitrobenzaldehydes, which failed to yield the desired products under traditional and water based approaches.
 IT 365992-74-1P 367454-19-1P 444755-91-3P
 444780-63-6P 459433-33-1P 459433-36-4P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

09772617

(green chem. approaches to the Knoevenagel condensation)

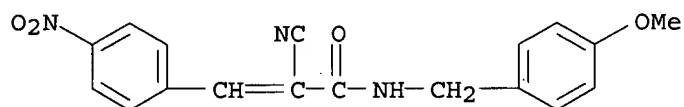
RN 365992-74-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



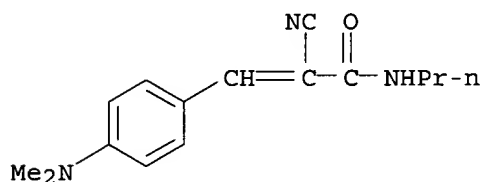
RN 367454-19-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-(4-nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



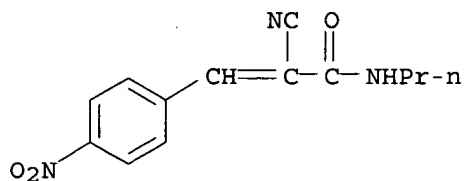
RN 444755-91-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 444780-63-6 CAPLUS

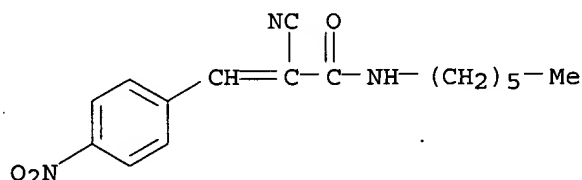
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



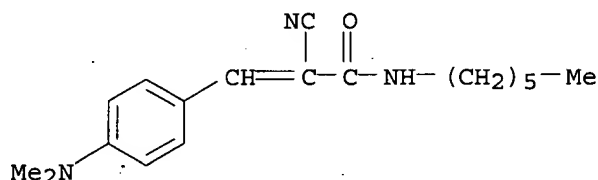
RN 459433-33-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-N-hexyl-3-(4-nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09772617



RN 459433-36-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-hexyl- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:372363 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:6999
TITLE: Solid phase change ink compositions containing a
carbonyl-based colorant
INVENTOR(S): Banning, Jeffery H.; Meinhardt, Michael B.;
Titterington, Donald R.; King, Clifford R.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xerox Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U. S. 6,028,138.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 18
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6235094	B1	20010522	US 1999-397348	19990915
US 5830942	A	19981103	US 1996-672815	19960628
US 5994453	A	19991130	US 1998-13410	19980126
US 6028138	A	20000222	US 1998-23851	19980213
US 2001008109	A1	20010719	US 2001-772617	20010130

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-672815 A2 19960628
US 1998-13410 A2 19980126
US 1998-23851 A2 19980213
US 1999-397348 A3 19990915

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:6999

AB The title colorant can be represented by a general formula:
R₁COZ(CH₂)_nCH₃, wherein R₁, Z and the carbonyl can be comprised by a
common ring, Z=.gtoreq.Cl alkyl, O, S, and N, and n is an
integer.gtoreq.12, and comprises a chromophore absorbing visible light.
One example of the colorant was obtained from the reaction of octadecyl
amine, Me cyanoacetate and dimethylaminobenzaldehyde.

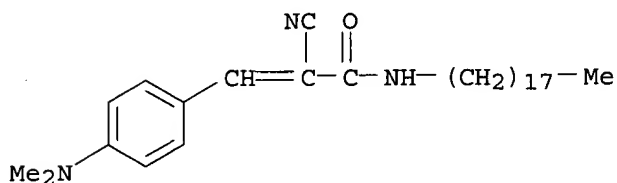
09772617

IT 340755-31-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(yellow colorant; solid phase change ink compns. contg. a carbonyl-based colorant)

RN 340755-31-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-octadecyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 96 THERE ARE 96 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:764458 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:42635

TITLE: Orientation of main-chain accordion polymers having different alkyl chains

AUTHOR(S): Lee, Seung-Hwan; Watanabe, Toshiyuki; Kagoshima, Kaoru; Fujita, Shiro; Mashiko, Sinro; Talukder, Mostafa; Lindsay, Geoffrey A.; Herman, W. N.; Wynne, Kenneth J.; Miyata, Seizo

CORPORATE SOURCE: BASE, Tokyo University of A and T, Koganei, 184, Japan

SOURCE: Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals Science and Technology, Section A: Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals (2000), 349, 171-174
CODEN: MCLCE9; ISSN: 1058-725X

PUBLISHER: Gordon & Breach Science Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The mol. orientations of homo Y-type LB films of main-chain accordion polymer having different alkyl chain (R = 12 and 16) are investigated. The homo Y-type LB films were prepd. by using Miyata-type deposition system. The nonlinear optical coeffs. of d₃₃ for R = 12 and R = 16, from the result of reflected SHG intensity, are 12.0 and 8.6 pm/V, resp. The bilayer spacing of homo Y-type LB films value from the result of wide angle X-ray diffraction (WAXD) spectra is shorter than the fully extended length of each mol. by CPK model. From the Maker-fringe for Y-type LB films, the SHG strength became the strongest when the P-P polarization was greatly slanted in the substrate. These results reveal that spontaneous polarization remains along the thickness direction. We proposed the structure of a new homo Y-type LB film which is different arrangement between odd-numbered layer and even-numbered layer.

IT 141823-63-4 213699-25-3

RL: PRP (Properties)
(orientation of main-chain accordion polymers having different alkyl chains)

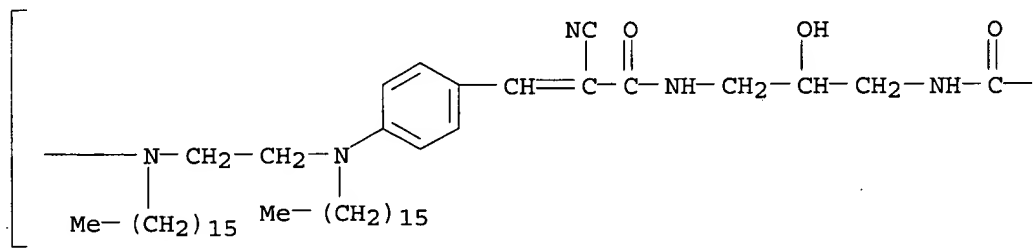
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexadecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-

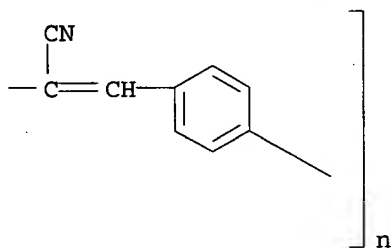
09772617

oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



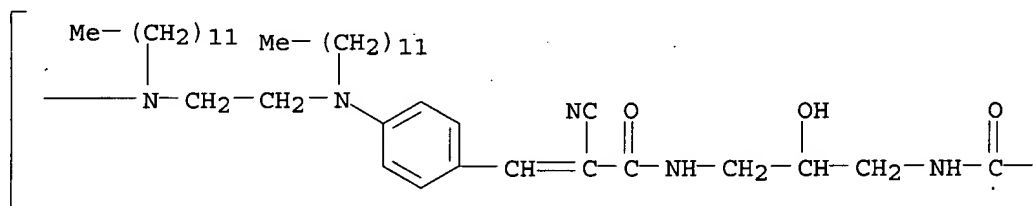
PAGE 1-B



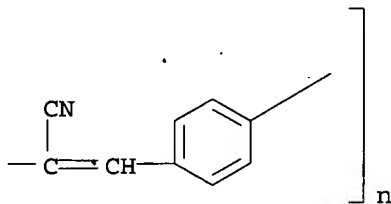
RN 213699-25-3 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(dodecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(dodecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

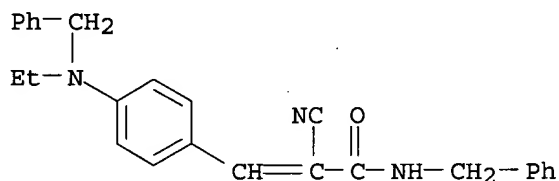


09772617

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:699175 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:268373
 TITLE: Orange dye mixture for thermal color proofing and use in thermal dye transfer assembly
 INVENTOR(S): Chapman, Derek D.; Kaszczuk, Linda A.; Harris, Mark A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Company, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 9 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6127316	A	20001003	US 1999-418234	19991014
EP 1092559	A1	20010418	EP 2000-203456	20001004
EP 1092559	B1	20021211		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2001171244	A2	20010626	JP 2000-312831	20001013
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-418234	A 19991014
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:268373				
AB An orange dye-donor element for thermal dye transfer comprises a support having a dye layer comprising a mixt. of a pink dye and a first and second yellow dye dispersed in a polymeric binder, e.g. cellulose acetate.				
IT 141458-69-7				
RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)				
(yellow dye; orange dye mixt. for thermal color proofing)				
RN 141458-69-7 CAPLUS				
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[ethyl(phenylmethyl)amino]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				



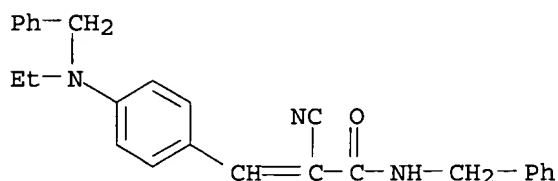
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:687954 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:268370
 TITLE: Orange dye mixture for thermal color proofing and use in thermal dye transfer assembly
 INVENTOR(S): Chapman, Derek D.; Kaszczuk, Linda A.; Harris, Mark A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Company, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.

09772617

CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6124239	A	20000926	US 1999-418339	19991014
EP 1092557	A1	20010418	EP 2000-203432	20001003
EP 1092557	B1	20021218		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2001138642	A2	20010522	JP 2000-313884	20001013
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1999-418339 A 19991014		
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 133:268370		
AB	An orange dye-donor element for thermal dye transfer comprises a support having a dye layer comprising a mixt. of a pink dye and a first and second yellow dye dispersed in a polymeric binder, e.g. cellulose acetate.			
IT	141458-69-7 RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (yellow dye; orange dye mixt. for thermal color proofing)			
RN	141458-69-7 CAPLUS			
CN	2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[ethyl(phenylmethyl)amino]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:680380 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:268368
TITLE: Orange dye mixture for thermal color proofing and use in thermal dye transfer assembly
INVENTOR(S): Chapman, Derek D.; Kaszczuk, Linda A.; Harris, Mark A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Company, USA
SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6124237	A	20000926	US 1999-417790	19991014
EP 1092558	A1	20010418	EP 2000-203433	20001003
EP 1092558	B1	20030423		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2001171243 A2 20010626 JP 2000-312816 20001013

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-417790 A 19991014

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:268368

AB An orange dye-donor element for thermal dye transfer comprises a support having a dye layer comprising a mixt. of a pink dye and a first and second yellow dye dispersed in a polymeric binder, e.g. cellulose acetate.

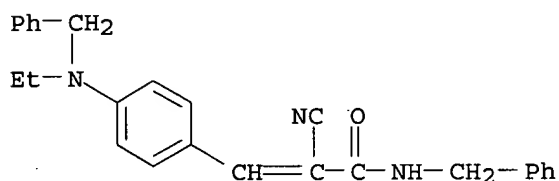
IT 141458-69-7

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(yellow dye; orange dye mixt. for thermal color proofing)

RN 141458-69-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[ethyl(phenylmethyl)amino]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:414769 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:253108

TITLE: Nonlinear optical (NLO) properties of homo Y-type LB films prepared by Miyata type deposition system

AUTHOR(S): Lee, Seung-Hwan; Watanabe, Toshiyuki; Taluk-Der, Mostafa; Lindsay, Geoffrey; Wynne, Kenneth; Miyata, Seizo

CORPORATE SOURCE: BASE, Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, China Lake, Japan

SOURCE: MCLC S&T, Section B: Nonlinear Optics (1999), 22(1-4), 131-134

CODEN: MCLOEB; ISSN: 1058-7268

PUBLISHER: Gordon & Breach Science Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nonlinear optical (NLO) properties of homo Y-type Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) films prepd. from an accordion polymer using Miyata type deposition system are investigated. The homo Y-type LB films exhibits a well-defined fringe pattern resulting from optical second-harmonic generation (SHG). The homo Y-type LB films show the SHG activity originated in direction of thickness of films. The SH intensity increases quadratically with the no. of LB layers. From the result of reflected SHG intensity, the nonlinear optical coeff. of d33 and d31 values are 12.0 and 1.0 pm/V, resp. The bilayer spacing of homo Y-type LB films from the result of wide angle X-ray diffraction (WAXD) spectrum is 36.8 .ANG.. From these results, the mol. orientation of the accordion polymer is proposed.

IT 213699-25-3

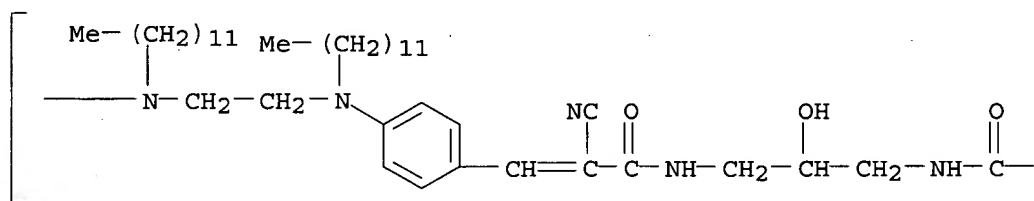
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(nonlinear optical properties of homo Y-type Langmuir-Blodgett films
prepd. by Miyata type deposition system using accordion polymer)

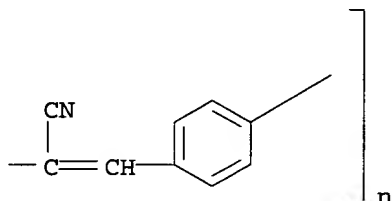
RN 213699-25-3 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(dodecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(dodecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:238401 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:271666

TITLE: Antireflective coatings comprising polymeric polyoxyalkylenated colorants for use with photoresists
Bruhnke, John D.; Lever, John G.

INVENTOR(S): Bruhnke, John D.; Lever, John G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6048662	A	20000411	US 1998-211355	19981215
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-211355	19981215

AB This invention relates to antireflective coatings comprising polymeric polyoxyalkylenated colorants. More particularly, the present invention relates to antireflective coatings for utilization in forming thin layers between reflective substrates and photoresists. Such antireflective coatings are very useful and beneficial in the prodn. and fabrication of semiconductor devices by photolithog. procedures. The coatings may also be applied on lenses, mirrors, and other optical components. Methods of

09772617

forming such antireflective coatings are also disclosed.

IT 137446-38-9P 263544-62-3P 263544-63-4P

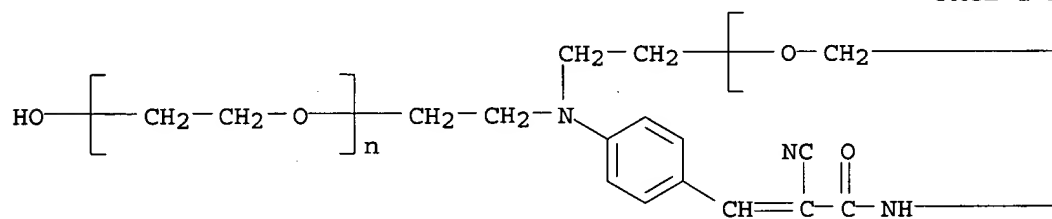
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. and use in prepg. bottom antireflective coatings for photoresists)

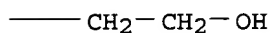
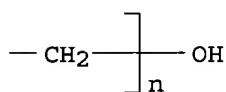
RN 137446-38-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.'-[[[4-[2-cyano-3-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl]bis[.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



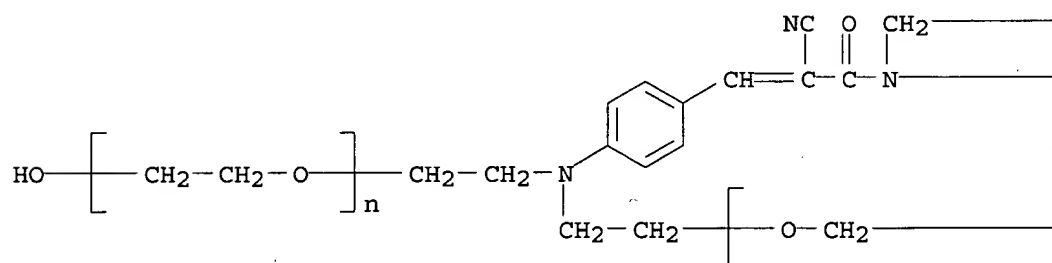
PAGE 1-B

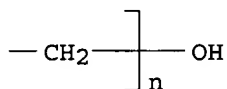
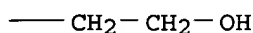
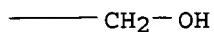


RN 263544-62-3 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.'-[[[4-[3-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl]bis[.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

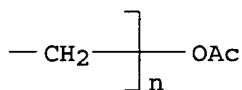
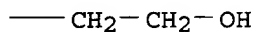
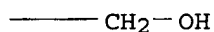
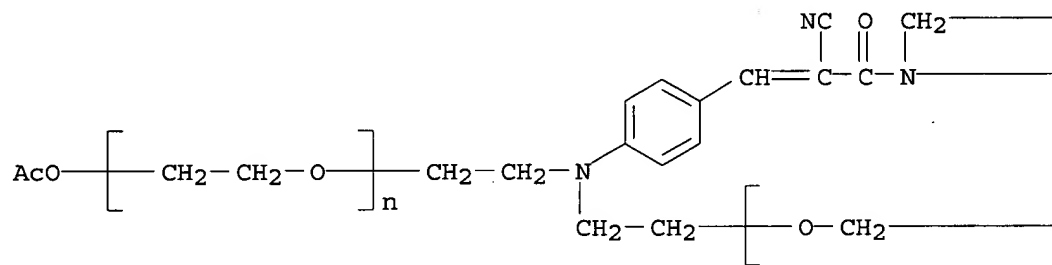
PAGE 1-A





RN 263544-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.'-[[[4-[3-[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl]bis[.omega.-(acetyloxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

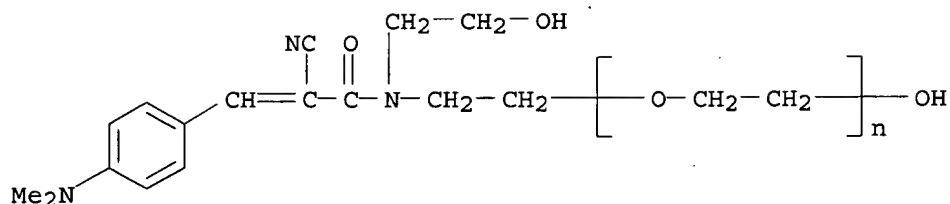


IT 263544-61-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(reaction in prepg. polymeric polyoxyalkylenated colorants for antireflective coatings for photoresists)

RN 263544-61-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-[2-[[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl](2-hydroxyethyl)amino]ethyl]-.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:204069 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:83970

TITLE: Disruption of microtubules in living cells by tyrphostin AG-1714

AUTHOR(S): Volberg, Tova; Bershadsky, Alexander D.; Elbaum, Michael; Gazit, Aviv; Levitzki, Alexander; Geiger, Benjamin

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Cell Biology, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel

SOURCE: Cell Motility and the Cytoskeleton (2000), 45(3), 223-234

CODEN: CMCYEO; ISSN: 0886-1544

PUBLISHER: Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Tyrphostin AG-1714 and several related mols. with the general structure of nitro-benzene malononitrile (BMN) disrupt microtubules in a large variety of cultured cells. This process can be inhibited by the stabilization of microtubules with taxol or by pretreatment of the cells with pervanadate, which inhibits tyrosine phosphatases and increases the overall levels of phosphotyrosine in cells. Unlike other microtubule-disrupting drugs such as nocodazole or colchicine, tyrphostin AG-1714 does not interfere with microtubule polymn. or stability in vitro, suggesting that the effect of this tyrphostin on microtubules is indirect. These results imply an involvement of protein tyrosine phosphorylation in the regulation of overall microtubule dynamics. Tyrphostins of AG-1714 type could thus be powerful tools for the identification of such microtubule regulatory pathways.

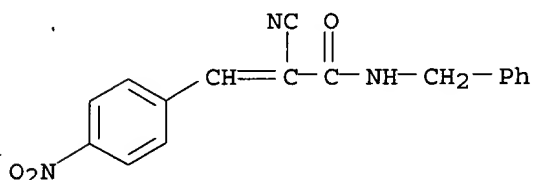
IT 204010-55-9, AG 1801 204010-57-1, AG 1798

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(disruption of microtubules in living cells by tyrphostins)

RN 204010-55-9 CAPLUS

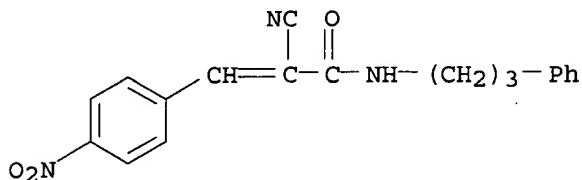
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



09772617

RN 204010-57-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:168177 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:312191

TITLE: Ordered Films by Alternating Polyelectrolyte Deposition of Cationic Side Chain and Anionic Main Chain Chromophoric Polymers

AUTHOR(S): Lindsay, G. A.; Roberts, M. J.; Chafin, A. P.; Hollins, R. A.; Merwin, L. H.; Stenger-Smith, J. D.; Yee, R. Y.; Zarras, P.; Wynne, K. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: U. S. Navy, China Lake, CA, 93555, USA
SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (1999), 11(4), 924-929
CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Using the method of aq. soln. alternating polyelectrolyte deposition (APD), second-order nonlinear optical (NLO) polymer films were prepd., in which both polymers are NLO-active. Films were prepd. by alternately coating a solid substrate with an NLO-active side chain polycation and an NLO-active main chain polyanion. This polyanion comprises .alpha.-cinnamoyl chromophores in the syndioregic configuration (an accordion polymer). The polycation was derived from poly(epichlorohydrin) that was completely substituted with a stilbazolium side chain. The films were transparent and had no texture when obsd. by polarized microscopy. The increase in intensity of the second harmonic (SH) signal generated in the films was quadratic with each mol. layer to 20 layers; beyond that, the SH signal intensity satd. as more layers were added.

IT 223678-01-1P

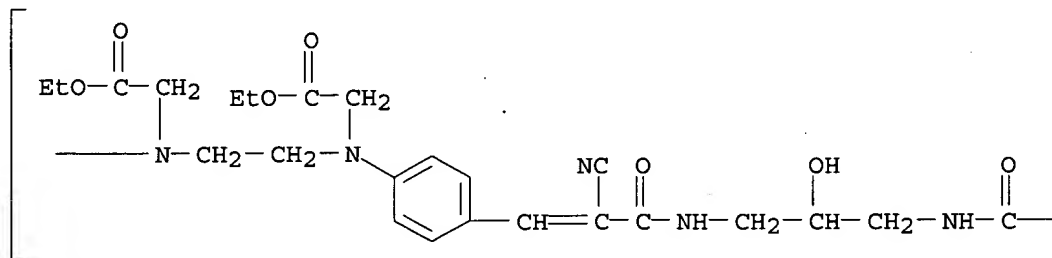
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(anionic NLO accordion polymer; prepn. and alternating deposition of cationic side chain and anionic main chain chromophoric NLO polyelectrolytes)

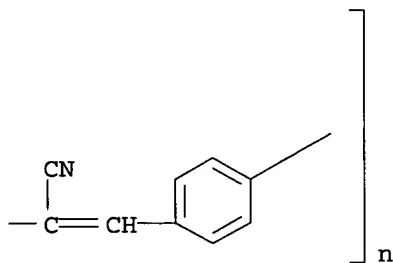
RN 223678-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino]-1,2-ethanediy] [(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino]-1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) imino (2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediy] imino (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

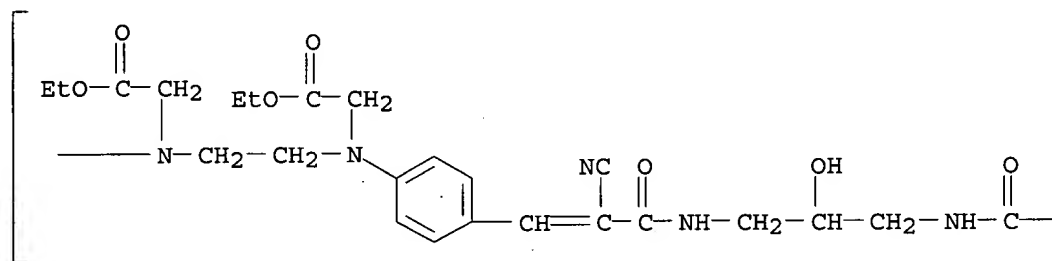


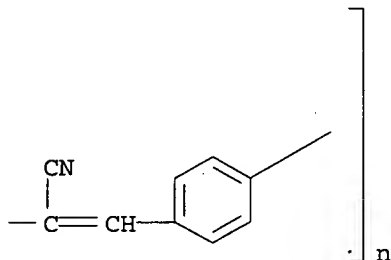
IT 223678-01-1DP, sapond., sodium salts
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)
 (prepn. and alternating deposition of cationic side chain and anionic main chain chromophoric NLO polyelectrolytes)

RN 223678-01-1 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl) imino] -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) imino (2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl) imino (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A





REFERENCE COUNT: 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:618051 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:316959

TITLE: Nonlinear optical films from pairwise-deposited semiionomeric syndioregic polymers

AUTHOR(S): Roberts, M. J.; Stenger-Smith, J. D.; Zarras, P.; Hollins, R. A.; Nadler, M.; Chafin, A. P.; Wynne, K. J.; Lindsay, G. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: NAWC, Research and Technology Group, China Lake, CA, 93555-6100, USA

SOURCE: ACS Symposium Series (1998), 695 (Organic Thin Films), 267-287

CODEN: ACSMC8; ISSN: 0097-6156

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Polar multilayer films of syndioregic nonlinear optical polymers were made using Langmuir-Blodgett-Kuhn (LBK) deposition of a polymeric salt formed at the water surface from two complementary polymers (a polycation insol. in water and a water-sol. polyanion). Polymers were prep'd. by condensation of monomers 3,5-bis(N-ethyl-N-formylphenylaminomethyl)phenol and 1,2-ethylenediamine-bis-cyanoacetamide and of 2,6-dimethyl-3,5-pyridine diacetonitrile with 4,4'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(2-hydroxyethyl)imino]]bis-benzaldehyde. Noncentrosym. order in the deposited films is maintained primarily by ionic and hydrogen bonding. An important advantage of using LBK technique to produce all-polymeric nonlinear optical films is it allows polymers to be processed near room temp. thus avoiding the disordering and degrading effects seen in high temp. elec. field poling. In addn., the LBK technique offers control over final film thickness to within one monolayer and materials may be precisely located within the film to control properties for purposes such as phase matching of the fundamental and second harmonic waveguide modes. A well-known limitation, the long-standing problem of low thermal structural stability of LBK films, may be solved by using high T_g polymers. However, a serious limitation of LBK technique remains; namely, the long processing time required to build up films of sufficient thickness (>0.5 .mu.m) for waveguiding. In principle, the pairwise deposition technique will increase the rate of film thickness growth.

IT 214677-17-5P, 3,5-Bis(N-ethyl-N-formylphenylaminomethyl)phenol-1,2-ethylenediamine-bis-cyanoacetamide copolymer, sru, lithium salt

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

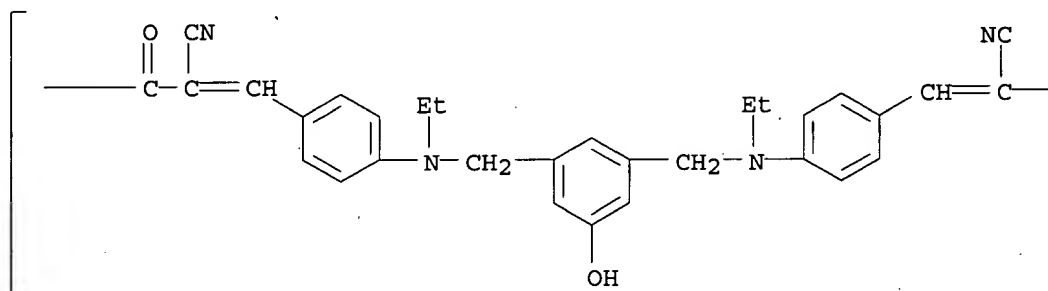
(nonlinear optical films from pairwise-deposited semi-ionomeric

syndioregic polyamide-polyamine salts)

RN 214677-17-5 CAPLUS

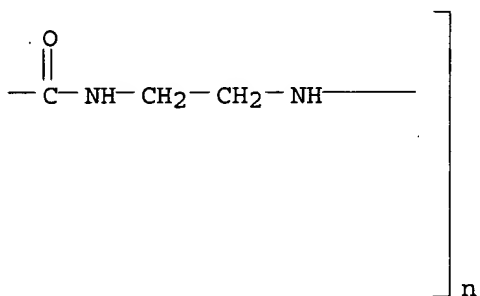
CN Poly[imino-1,2-ethanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene(ethylimino)methylene(5-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)methylene(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)], lithium salt (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



Ox Li

PAGE 1-B



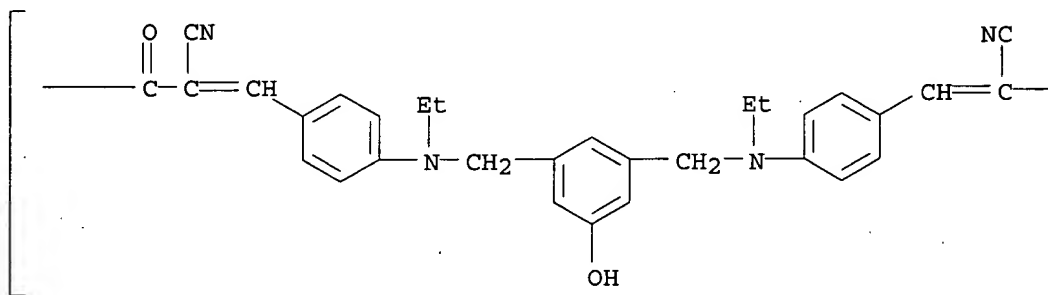
IT 211060-95-6P, 3,5-Bis(N-ethyl-N-formylphenylaminomethyl)phenol-1,2-ethylenediamine-bis-cyanoacetamide copolymer, sru
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(nonlinear optical films from pairwise-deposited semi-ionomeric syndioregic polyamide-polyamine salts)

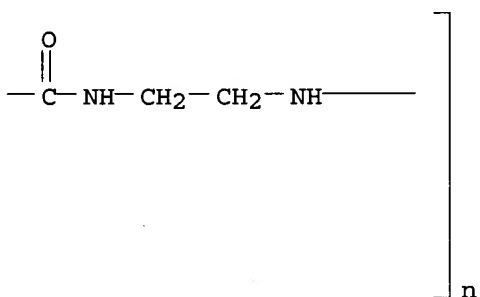
RN 211060-95-6 CAPLUS

CN Poly[imino-1,2-ethanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene(ethylimino)methylene(5-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)methylene(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:563358 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:290695

TITLE: Multilayer .chi.(2) NLO films prepared by the LBK process from novel accordion polymers

AUTHOR(S): Lindsay, Geoffrey; Wynne, Kenneth; Herman, Warren; Chafin, Andrew; Hollins, Richard; Stenger-Smith, John; Hoover, James; Cline, Jerrold; Roberts, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: US Navy, NAWCWPNS, Chemistry and Materials Branch, China Lake, CA, 93555, USA

SOURCE: Advances in Nonlinear Optics (1997), 4 (Poled Polymers and Their Applications to SHG and EO Devices), 77-85
CODEN: ANOPF9; ISSN: 1068-672X

PUBLISHER: Gordon & Breach Science Publishers

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Thin films of polymers having acceptor and donor moieties and second-order nonlinear optical (NLO) properties were fabricated by the Langmuir-Blodgett-Kuhn (LBK) technique. The precursor species are: N,N'-bis-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N,N'-di(4-formylphenyl)ethylenediamine donor bridge and N,N'-bis(dodecylethylenediamine-bis-cyanoacetamide (B) or bis(hexadecylethylenediamine-bis cyanoacetamide (A) accepting bridge. Main chain polymers were designed and synthesized with chromophores in the syndioregic (head-to-head) configuration. Multilayer-(AB)_n-films were fabricated from two polymers by Y-type deposition. In Polymer A, the chromophore electron donating end was connected to a relatively hydrophobic bridging unit, and its electron accepting end was connected to

a relatively hydrophilic bridging unit. The converse was true for Polymer B. Microstructural information about these multilayer polymer films was obtained from polarized optical measurements.

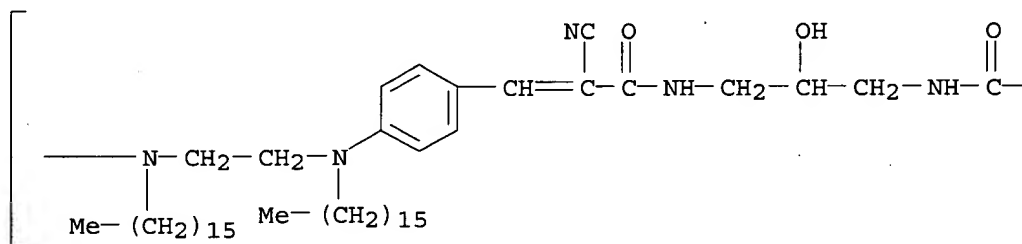
IT 141823-63-4P 177606-07-4P

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (multilayer .chi.(2) NLO films prep'd. by LBK process from polyamide-amine accordion polymers)

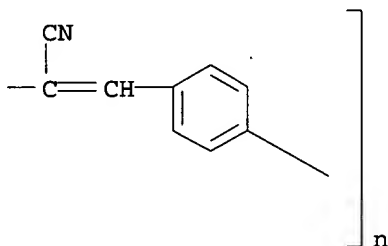
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexadecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



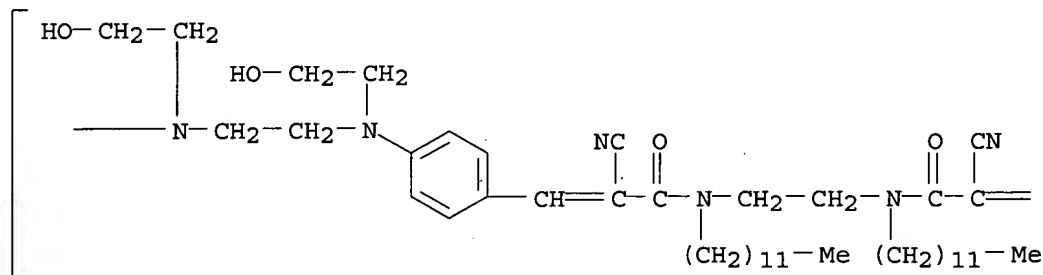
PAGE 1-B



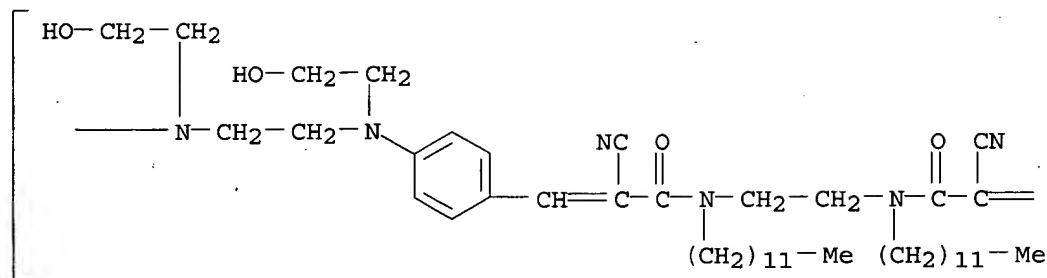
RN 177606-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-hydroxyethyl)imino]-1,2-ethanediyl[(2-hydroxyethyl)imino]-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)(dodecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(dodecylimino)(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

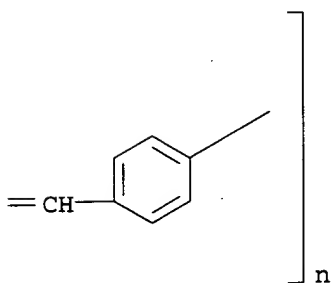
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:534888 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:156926

TITLE: Methods and compositions using receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors for inhibiting cell proliferative disorders, and inhibitor preparation

INVENTOR(S): Chen, Hui; Gazit, Aviv; Hirth, Klaus Peter; Mann, Elaina; Shawver, Laura K.; Tsai, Jianming; Tang, Peng Cho

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sugan, Inc., USA; Yisum Research & Development Company of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem

SOURCE: U.S., 41 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 207,933, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5789427	A	19980804	US 1995-399967	19950307
US 5773476	A	19980630	US 1995-486775	19950607
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-207933	19940307
			US 1995-399967	19950307

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:156926

AB The invention concerns compds. and their use to inhibit the activity of a

receptor tyrosine kinase. The invention is preferably used to treat cell proliferative disorders, e.g. cancers characterized by over-activity or inappropriate activity HER2 or EGFR.

IT 170449-11-3

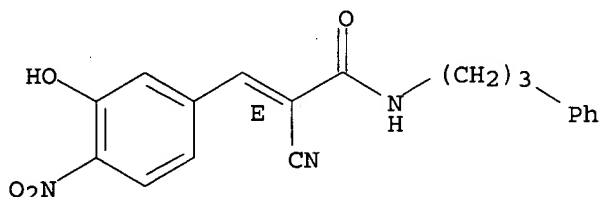
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors, and prepn. thereof, for inhibiting cell proliferative disorders)

RN 170449-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 90 THERE ARE 90 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:532399 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:261089

TITLE: Persistent in-plane order through 90 bilayers in an accordion polymer LB film

AUTHOR(S): Herman, W. N.; Roberts, M. J.; Stenger-Smith, J. D.; Chafin, A. P.; Hollins, R. A.; Lindsay, G. A.; Wynne, K. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: EO Sensors Branch, U.S. Navy, NAWC AD, MD, 20607, USA
SOURCE: Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry) (1998), 39(2), 1105-1106
CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB From SHG azimuthal data on 20,40, and 90 bilayer ABAB... Y-type accordion polymer LB films, where both polymers contain 12 carbon lipophilic chains, in-plane order assocd. with the mm2 point group is found that persists even at 90 bilayers, as well as a quadratic dependence of the generated second harmonic on the no. of bilayers. A simple mol. model that provides a sufficient condition for observing point group mm2 is presented.

IT 177606-07-4 213699-25-3

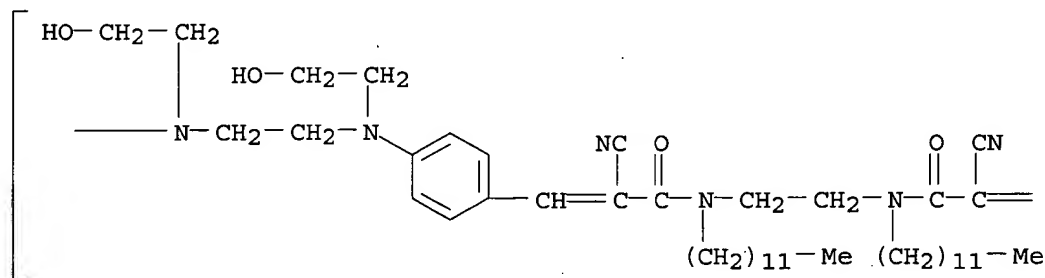
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PROC (Process)

(persistent in-plane order through 90 bilayers in accordion polymer Langmuir-Blodgett film)

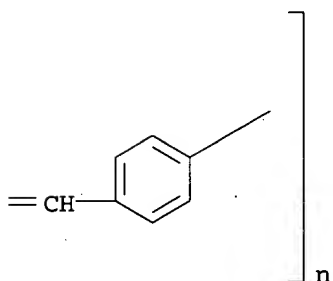
RN 177606-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[[(2-hydroxyethyl)imino]-1,2-ethanediyl[(2-hydroxyethyl)imino]-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)(dodecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(dodecylimino)(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



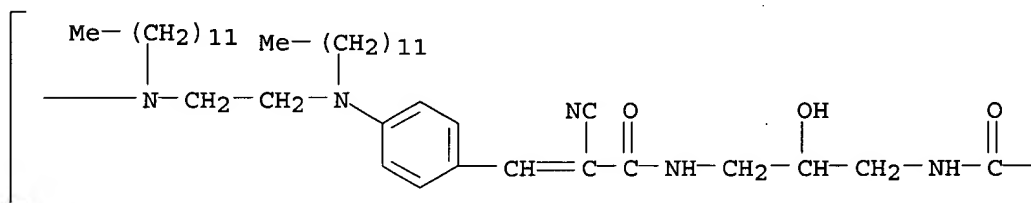
PAGE 1-B



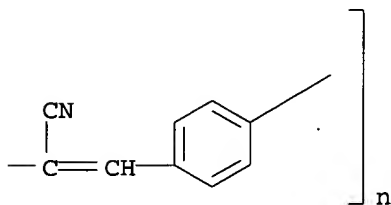
RN 213699-25-3 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(dodecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(dodecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



09772617

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 16 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:527389 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:167911

TITLE: Nonlinear optical films from pairwise-deposited semi-ionomeric syndioregic polymers

INVENTOR(S): Lindsay, Geoffrey A.; Wynne, Kenneth J.; Smith, John D. Stenger; Chafin, Andrew P.; Hollins, Richard A.; Roberts, Marion J.; Zarras, Peter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of the Navy, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9832813	A1	19980730	WO 1997-US23990	19971222

W: JP, KP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

US 5882785	A	19990316	US 1997-800943	19970123
------------	---	----------	----------------	----------

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-800943 19970123

AB Polarized films are described which comprise asym. chromophores linked head-to-head by alternating two different kinds of bridging groups. One of the bridging groups contains one or more ionic groups, and the other bridging group contains one or more non-ionic, hydrophilic groups. The chromophores may be nonlinear optical chromophores. Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) film deposition methods are also described in which a layer of a nonaq. soln. of one polymer is spread on a subphase of an aq. soln. of the other in a Langmuir-Blodgett trough, a mol. bilayer of the two polymers is allowed to form by waiting 1-60 min, and the bilayer is then compressed while maintaining a gas-liq. surface pressure of 20-90% of the min. pressure required to collapse the bilayer; a multilayered film may then be formed by repeated dipping of a substrate. An electrooptical film which has never undergone elec.-field poling nor high temp. treatment may be produced. This eliminates the diln. effect of the long hydrophobic alkyl groups, and creates stronger ionic bonds between the polymer chains and reduces the time to make a film of a given thickness by at least half by virtue of depositing two polymer layers per stroke.

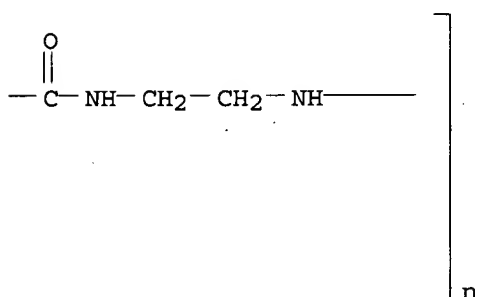
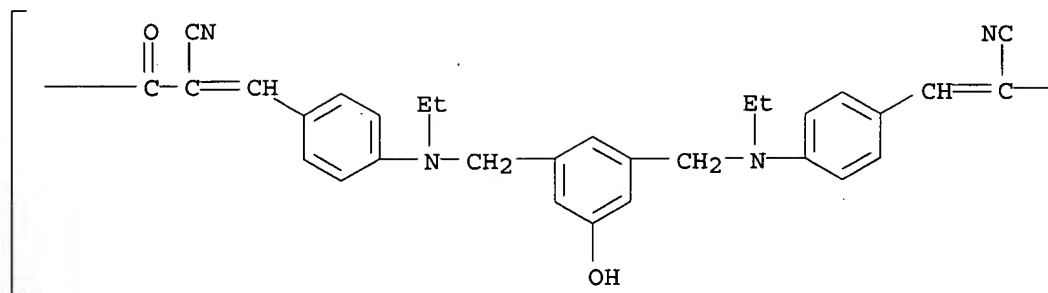
IT 211060-95-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(nonlinear optical films from pairwise-deposited semiionomeric syndioregic polymers)

RN 211060-95-6 CAPLUS

CN Poly[imino-1,2-ethanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene(ethylimino)methylene(5-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)methylene(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:519780 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:257184

TITLE: Fluorescent molecular rotors with specific hydrophilic functions: glucosamine and inositol derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Carre, M. C.; Geoffroy-Chapotot, C.; Adibnejad, M.; Berroy, P.; Stoltz, J. F.; Viriot, M. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: DCPR-GRAPP-UMR 7630 CNRS, ENSIC-INPL, Nancy, F-54001, Fr.

SOURCE: Journal of Fluorescence (1998), 8(1), 53-57

CODEN: JOFLEN; ISSN: 1053-0509

PUBLISHER: Plenum Publishing Corp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB New fluorescent mol. rotors having hydrophilic functional groups (such as a sugar or an inositol group) were synthesized. The aim was to obtain impermeant and uncharged probes, with a defined orientation within a model membrane bilayer or in a cell membrane. Their fluorescence properties, which are dependent on solvent polarity and viscosity, were successfully applied to characterize organized media: for example, the CMC of surfactants and the transition temp. of DPPC liposomes were evaluated.

IT 213603-31-7P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation)

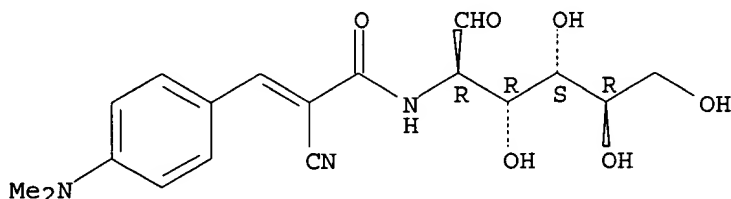
(glucosamine and inositol derivs. as fluorescent mol. rotors with specific hydrophilic functions)

RN 213603-31-7 CAPLUS

09772617

CN D-Glucose, 2-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-2-deoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:400243 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:156456

TITLE: Inhibition of Cdk2 activation by selected tyrphostins causes cell cycle arrest at late G1 and S phase

AUTHOR(S): Kleinberger-Doron, Nurit; Shelah, Noa; Capone, Ricardo; Gazit, Aviv; Levitzki, Alexander

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Chemistry, Institute of Life Sciences, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel

SOURCE: Experimental Cell Research (1998), 241(2), 340-351
CODEN: ECREAL; ISSN: 0014-4827

PUBLISHER: Academic Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The authors have previously reported that certain tryphostins which block EGF-R phosphorylation in cell-free systems fail to do so in intact cells. Nevertheless, the authors found that this family of tyrphostins inhibits both EGF- and calf serum-induced cell growth and DNA synthesis [Osherov, N.A., Gazit, C., Gilon, and Levitzki, A. (1993). Selective inhibition of the EGF and HER2/Neu receptors by Tyrphostins. J. Biol. Chem. 268, 11134-11142.]; now the authors show that these tryphostins exert their inhibitory activity even when added at a time when the cells have already passed their restriction point and receptor activation is no longer necessary. AG555 and AG556 arrest 85% of the cells at late G1, whereas AG490 and AG494 cause cells to arrest at late G1 and during S phase. No arrest occurs during G2 or M phase. Further anal. revealed that these tyrphostins act by inhibiting the activation of the enzyme Cdk2 without affecting its levels or its intrinsic kinase activity. Furthermore, they do not alter the assocn. of Cdk2 to cyclin E or cyclin A or to the inhibitory proteins p21 and p27. These compds. also have no effect on the activating phosphorylation of Cdk2 by Cdk2 activating kinase (CAK) and no effect on the catalytic domain of cdc25 phosphatase. These compds. lead to the accumulation of phosphorylated Cdk2 on tyrosine 15 which is most probably the cause for its inhibition leading to cell cycle arrest at G1/S. A structure-activity relation study defines a very precise pharmacophore, suggesting a unique mol. target not yet identified and which is most probably involved in the regulation of the tyrosine-phosphorylated state of Cdk2. These compds. represent a new class of cell proliferation blockers whose target is Cdk2 activation. (c) 1998 Academic Press.

09772617

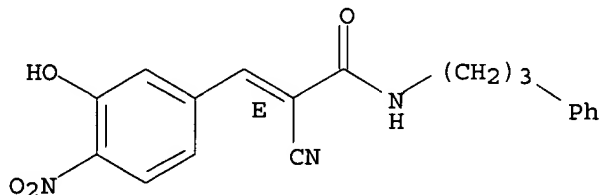
IT 170449-11-3, AG 1580

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(inhibition of Cdk2 activation by selected tyrphostins causes cell cycle arrest at late G1 and S phase in relation to tyrosine phosphorylation and structure)

RN 170449-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)-, (2E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 19 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:124002 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:213385

TITLE: Tyrphostins for countering undesired toxic effects to cells, tissues, or organs from neoplasm inhibitors or other harmful agents, preparation, and pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Novogrodsky, Abraham; Levitzki, Alexander; Gazit, Aviv

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mor-Research Applications Ltd., Israel; Yissum Research Development Company of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem; Novogrodsky, Abraham; Levitzki, Alexander; Gazit, Aviv

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 92 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9806391	A1	19980219	WO 1997-IL276	19970814
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9737822	A1	19980306	AU 1997-37822	19970814
AU 728672	B2	20010118		
EP 923371	A1	19990623	EP 1997-934696	19970814
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			

CN 1232392	A	19991020	CN 1997-198596	19970814
BR 9711160	A	20000111	BR 1997-11160	19970814
JP 2001504085	T2	20010327	JP 1998-509558	19970814
US 2003013748	A1	20030116	US 2002-141086	20020509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IL 1996-119069	A 19960814
			WO 1997-IL276	W 19970814
			US 1999-242342	A1 19990407

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:213385

AB Compds. useful for countering undesired toxic effects to cells, tissues or organs include Ar(NH)nCH=(R)CN (Ar is e.g. substituted Ph; n = 0, 1; R = CN, -C(S)NH₂, etc.). The compns. and methods of the invention are useful in countering damage caused by harmful agents (including chem. agents and radiation), particularly antineoplastic agents.

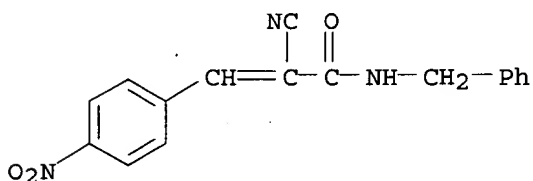
IT 204010-55-9P, AG 1801 204010-57-1P, AG 1798

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(tyrphostins for countering undesired toxic effects to cells, tissues, or organs from neoplasm inhibitors or other harmful agents, prepn., and pharmaceutical compns.)

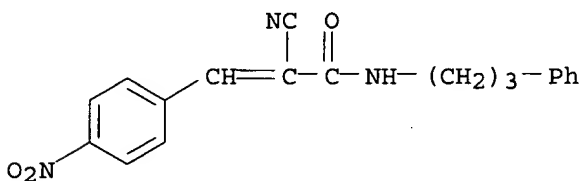
RN 204010-55-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 204010-57-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 204010-64-0, AG 1824 204010-65-1, AG 1823

204010-66-2, AG 1745 204010-68-4, AG 1606

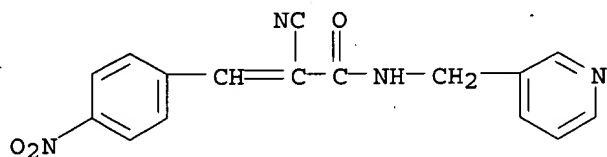
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(tyrphostins for countering undesired toxic effects to cells, tissues, or organs from neoplasm inhibitors or other harmful agents, prepn., and pharmaceutical compns.)

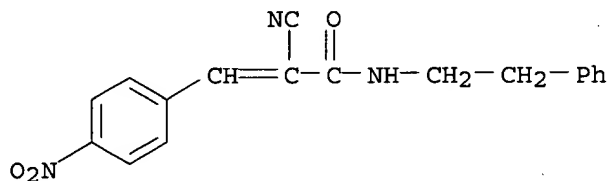
RN 204010-64-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-pyridinylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

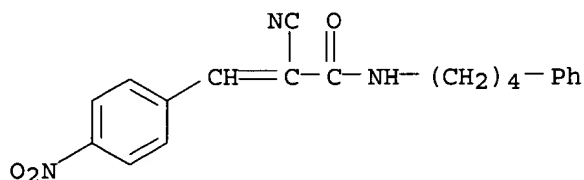
09772617



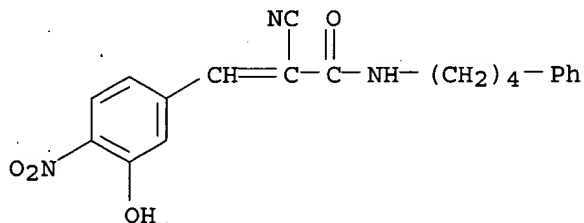
RN 204010-65-1 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(2-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 204010-66-2 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(4-nitrophenyl)-N-(4-phenylbutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 204010-68-4 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(4-phenylbutyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

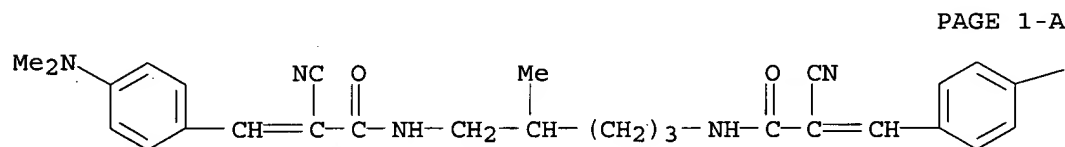
L4 ANSWER 20 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:752789 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:55406

09772617

TITLE: Nonsubliming mid-UV dyes for ultrathin organic
antireflection coatings having differential solubility
INVENTOR(S): Meador, Jim D.; Shao, Xie; Krishnamurthy, Vandana;
Murphy, Earnest C.; Flaim, Tony D.; Brewer, Terry
Lowell
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Brewer Science, Inc., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5688987	A	19971118	US 1994-336340	19941109
US 5892096	A	19990406	US 1996-598711	19960208

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1994-336340 19941109
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:55406
AB Mid-UV dyes for ultrathin antireflection coatings for multilayer i-line
photoetching are produced from bichalcones, bis-a-
cyanoacrylates/biscyanoacrylamides, and 1,4-divinylbenzenes. The dyes are
nonsubliminal and differentially insol. in std. photoresist solvents.
IT 200007-30-3
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(mid-UV dye for antireflection coatings for photolithog.)
RN 200007-30-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, N,N'-(2-methyl-1,5-pentanediy)bis[2-cyano-3-[4-
(dimethylamino)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



—NMe₂

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:377520 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:127287
TITLE: Multilayer second-order nonlinear optical films of
head-to-head, mainchain chromophoric polymers
INVENTOR(S): Wynne, Kenneth J.; Lindsay, Geoffrey A.; Hoover, James
M.; Stenger Smith, John; Henry, Deceased Ronald A.;
Chafin, Andrew P.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): United States Dept. of the Navy, USA
SOURCE: U.S., 26 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5520968	A	19960528	US 1995-435913	19950505
WO 9634928	A1	19961107	WO 1995-US12334	19950721
W: JP, KR, SG				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 824576	A1	19980225	EP 1995-935144	19950721
EP 824576	B1	20001213		
R: DE, DK, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE				
JP 11511866	T2	19991012	JP 1995-533270	19950721
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-435913	A 19950505
			WO 1995-US12334	W 19950721

AB Second-order nonlinear optical polymeric films are described which include alternating mol. layers of two head-to-head, mainchain, amphiphilic, chromophoric polymers, one polymer having the electron donating end of the chromophore attached to hydrophilic groups, and the other polymer having the electron donating end of the chromophore attached to hydrophobic groups, and methods of fabricating the films for use in optonics.

IT 141823-63-4P 177606-07-4P 179618-94-1P

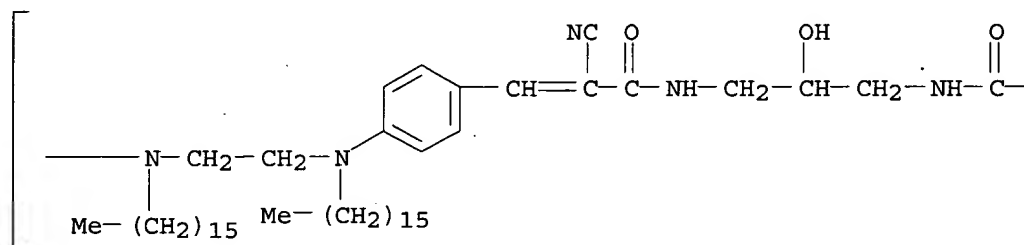
RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(multilayer second-order nonlinear optical films of head-to-head chromophoric polymers)

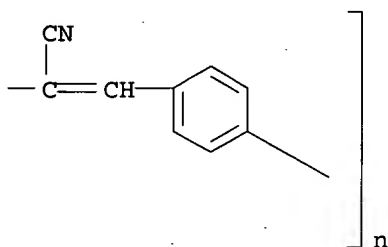
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexamdecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

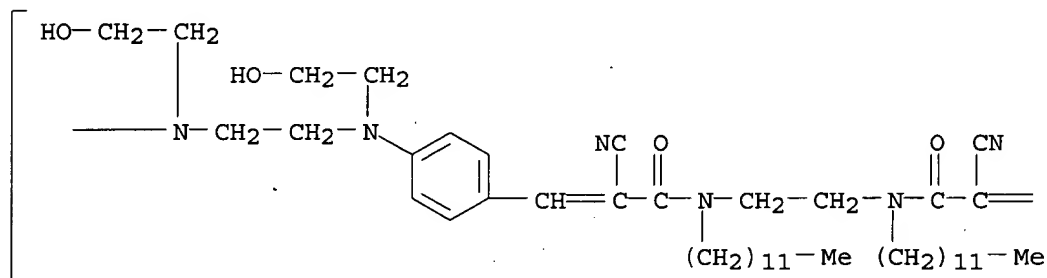


09772617

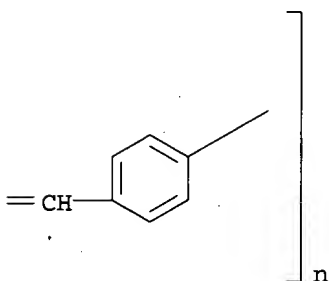
RN 177606-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-hydroxyethyl imino) -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-hydroxyethyl imino) -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) (dodecylimino) -1,2-ethanediyl (dodecylimino) (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



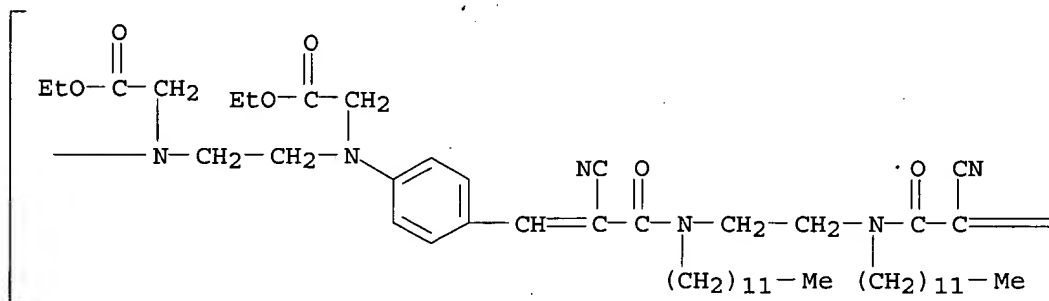
PAGE 1-B

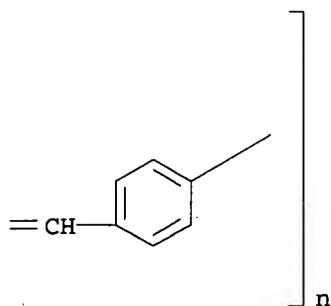


RN 179618-94-1 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl imino) -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl imino) -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) (dodecylimino) -1,2-ethanediyl (dodecylimino) (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A





L4 ANSWER 22 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:247181 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:12289

TITLE: Multilayer .chi.(2) NLO films prepared by the LBK process from novel accordion polymers

AUTHOR(S): Lindsay, Geoffrey; Wynne, Kenneth; Herman, Warren; Chafin, Andrew; Hollins, Richard; Stenger-Smith, John; Hoover, James; Cline, Jerrold; Roberts, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Mater. Branch, U.S. Navy, China Lake, CA, 93555, USA

SOURCE: MCLC S&T, Section B: Nonlinear Optics (1996), 15(1-4), 139-46

CODEN: MCLOEB; ISSN: 1058-7268

PUBLISHER: Gordon & Breach

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Prepn. and second-order nonlinear optical (NLO) properties of polymeric thin films fabricated by the Langmuir-Blodgett-Kuhn (LBK) technique are reported. Main chain polymers were designed and synthesized with chromophores in the syndioregic configuration. Multilayer -(AB) n - films were fabricated from 2 polymers by Y-type deposition. In polymer A, the chromophore's electron accepting end was connected to a hydrophobic bridging unit and its electron donating end was connected to a hydrophilic bridging unit. The converse was true for polymer B. Microstructural information about these multilayers were obtained from polarized optical measurements.

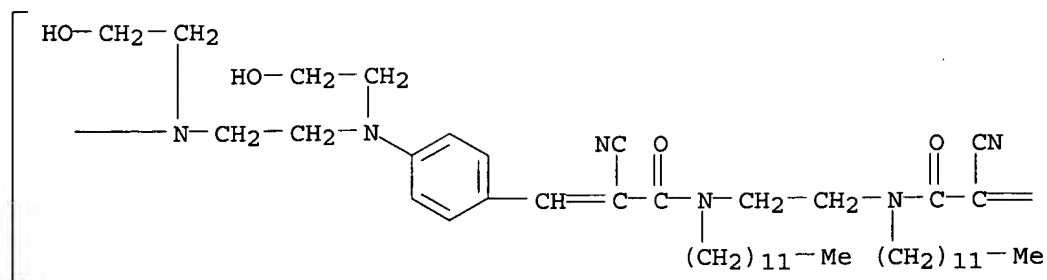
IT 177606-07-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and second-order nonlinear optical properties of multilayer harmonic polymer thin films)

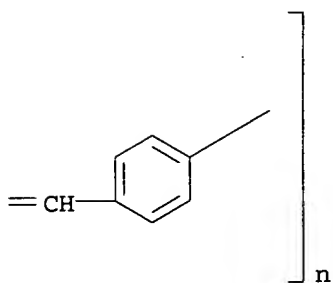
RN 177606-07-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[[(2-hydroxyethyl imino) -1,2-ethanediyl [(2-hydroxyethyl imino) -1,4-phenylene (2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl) (dodecylimino) -1,2-ethanediyl (dodecylimino) (2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl) -1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IT 141823-63-4

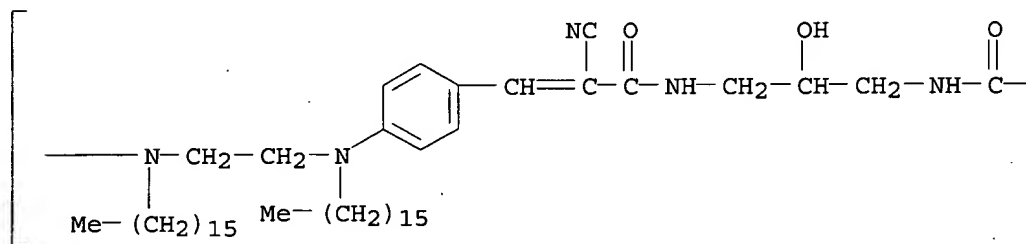
RL: PRP (Properties)

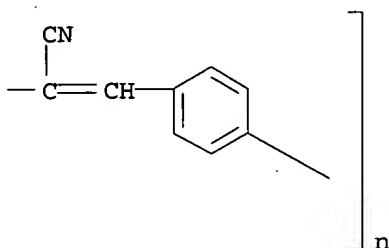
(second-order nonlinear optical properties of multilayer harmonic polymer thin films)

RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexamdecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A





L4 ANSWER 23 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:247170 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:12033

TITLE: Study on conformations of polymeric Langmuir-Blodgett films prepared by using Kuhn type and moving wall type deposition systems

AUTHOR(S): Talukder, M.; Fujita, S.; Watanabe, T.; Stenger-Smith, J.; Lindsay, G.; Wynne, K.; Miyata, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Mater. Branch, U.S. Navy, China Lake, CA, 93555, USA

SOURCE: MCLC S&T, Section B: Nonlinear Optics (1996), 15(1-4), 77-80

CODEN: MCLOEB; ISSN: 1058-7268

PUBLISHER: Gordon & Breach

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Thin polymer films prepd. by Kuhn type deposition using a typical accordion polymer, $-(\text{N}((\text{CH}_2)_{15}\text{Me})\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}((\text{CH}_2)_{15}\text{Me})-\text{p}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-\text{CH}=\text{C}(\text{CN})\text{CONHCH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{NHCOC}(\text{CN})=\text{CH}-\text{p}-\text{C}_6\text{H}_4-)_n$, did not show any second harmonic generation (SHG), whereas thin films obtained by moving wall type deposition under similar conditions gave strong SHG. The discrepancy may be explained by a conformational change of the thin films during the deposition in the moving wall type Langmuir-Blodgett trough. Calcd. values of the .beta.-hyperpolarizability of a single chain stable conformation of the polymer agreed closely with exptl. results.

IT 141823-63-4

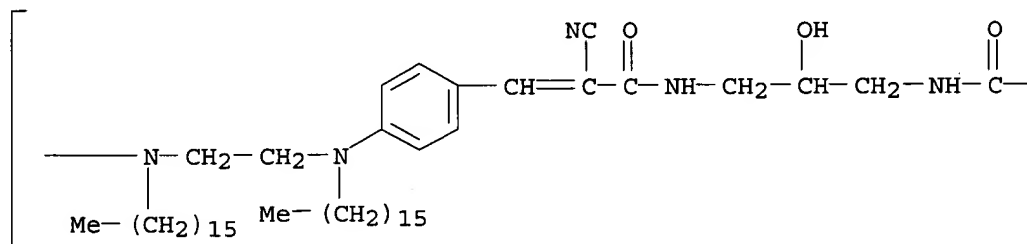
RL: PRP (Properties)

(second harmonic generation and conformation modeling of syndioregic polyamide-polyamine films deposited by different Langmuir-Blodgett methods)

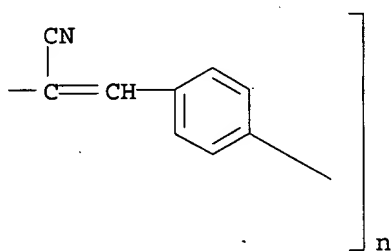
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexamdecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



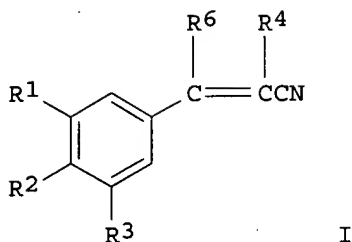
PAGE 1-B



L4 ANSWER 24 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:926425 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:329984
 TITLE: Receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors for inhibiting cell proliferative disorders
 INVENTOR(S): Chen, Hui; Gazit, Aviv; Hirth, Klaus Peter; Levitzki, Alex; Mann, Elaina; Shawver, Laura K.; Tsai, Jianming; Tang, Peng Cho
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sugan, Inc., USA; Yissum Research Development Co.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 121 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9524190	A2	19950914	WO 1995-US2826	19950306
WO 9524190	A3	19951109		
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9520968	A1	19950925	AU 1995-20968	19950306
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-207933	19940307
			WO 1995-US2826	19950306
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 123:329984	

GI



AB Receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors I [R1-R3, R6 = alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alkoxy, OH, amino, SH, alkylthio, halo, H, NO₂, etc.; R4 = C(S)NHR5, C(O)NHR5, SO₂YR5; Y = single bond, C(CN):CH:CH, azaalkyl; R5 = (substituted) aralkyl, CN] and II [R7-R10 = R1-R3 above; R12 = C(O)Me, C(S)Me, C(O)CF₃, C(S)CF₃; R13 = aryl, alkylaryl] are prepd. for use in treating cell proliferative disorders such as cancers characterized by overactivity or inappropriate activity of HER2 receptors or EGF receptors. Thus, I [R1, R2 = OH, R3 = I, R4 = C(O)NH(CH₂)₃Ph, R6 = H] (III) was prepd. in 2 steps by condensation of 5-iodovanillin with N-(3-phenylpropyl)cyanoacetamide. III inhibited EGF receptor kinase activity in EGC7 cells, HER2 kinase activity in BT-474 cells, and platelet-derived growth factor receptor kinase .beta. activity with an IC₅₀ of 4, 18, and 35 .mu.M, resp., and inhibited growth of SKBR3 and SKOV3 cells in vitro at IC₅₀ 9 and 4.5 .mu.M, resp.

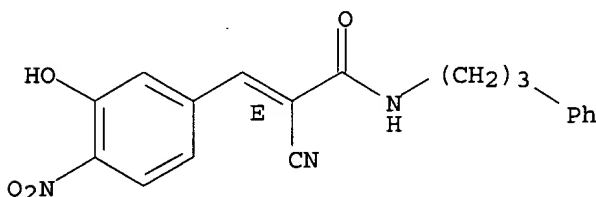
IT 170449-11-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(receptor tyrosine kinase inhibitors for inhibiting cell proliferative disorders)

RN 170449-11-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)-, (2E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 25 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:782006 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:179478

TITLE: SSI tyrphostin pharmaceuticals.

INVENTOR(S): Levitzki, Alexander; Novogrodsky, Abraham; Gazit, Aviv

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yissum Research Development Company, Israel;

Kupot-Holim Health Insurance Institute

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9514464	A1	19950601	WO 1994-US13535	19941123
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
IL 107736	A1	20010111	IL 1993-107736	19931124
CA 2177289	AA	19950601	CA 1994-2177289	19941123
AU 9512935	A1	19950613	AU 1995-12935	19941123
AU 702800	B2	19990304		
EP 731697	A1	19960918	EP 1995-904123	19941123
EP 731697	B1	20010418		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 10504014	T2	19980414	JP 1994-515214	19941123
AT 200618	E	20010515	AT 1995-904123	19941123
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			IL 1993-107736	A 19931124
			WO 1994-US13535	W 19941123

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:179478

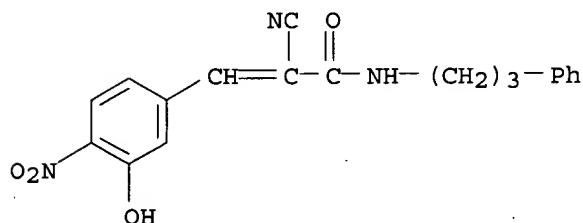
AB SSI tyrphostins are useful in preventing LPS-induced toxicity, TNF.alpha.-induced toxicity, LPS-induced increases in TNF.alpha. levels, nitric oxide prodn., and the treatment of septic shock and various immune disorders. A SSI tyrphostin was prepd. by the condensation of 2-cyano-N-(3-phenylpropyl)acetamide with p-nitrobenzaldehyde in the presence of .beta.-alanine in EtOH. The effectiveness of the tyrphostin in preventing lipopolysaccharide-induced toxicity was demonstrated in mice.

IT 167493-21-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (SSI tyrphostin pharmaceuticals for treatment of immune disorders.
 LPS-induced toxicity prevention)

RN 167493-21-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(3-hydroxy-4-nitrophenyl)-N-(3-phenylpropyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

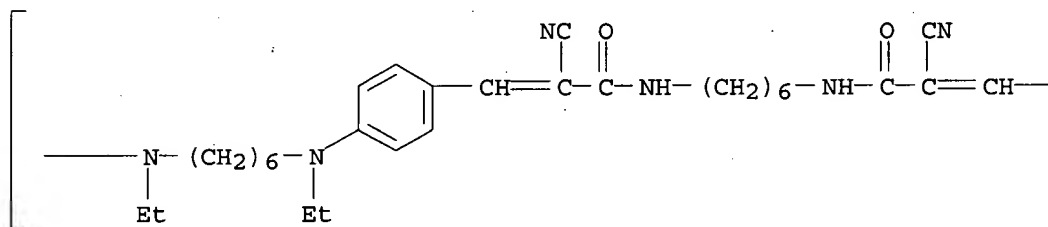


L4 ANSWER 26 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:24923 CAPLUS

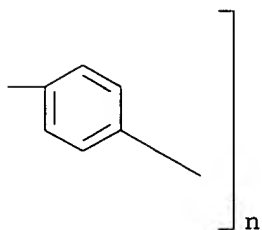
09772617

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:82484
TITLE: A new class of mainchain chromophoric nonlinear optical polymers
AUTHOR(S): Lindsay, G. A.; Stenger-Smith, J. D.; Henry, R. A.; Hoover, J. M.; Kubin, R. F.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Department, Naval Weapons Center, China Lake, CA, USA
SOURCE: Sagamore Army Materials Research Conference Proceedings (1992), Volume Date 1991, 38TH (ELECTROMAGNETIC, ELECTRO-OPTICAL AND ELECTRONIC MATERIALS), 215-21
CODEN: SAMPD2; ISSN: 0197-2790
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB A new class of mainchain nitrile-contg. and fatty- and nitrile-contg. polyamine-polyamide-polyacetylenes and nitrile-contg. polyamine-polyester-polyacetylenes, namely head-to-head polymers connected with various flexible spacers (which may allow the dipoles to align) was developed. The synthesis and characterization of these new materials is described. The nonlinear optical properties of several of this new class of mainchain nonlinear optical polymers were compared to the properties of the head-to-tail mainchain polymers.
IT 141823-62-3P 141823-63-4P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties of mainchain chromophoric nonlinear optical polymers)
RN 141823-62-3 CAPLUS
CN Poly[(ethylimino)-1,6-hexanediyl(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino-1,6-hexanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



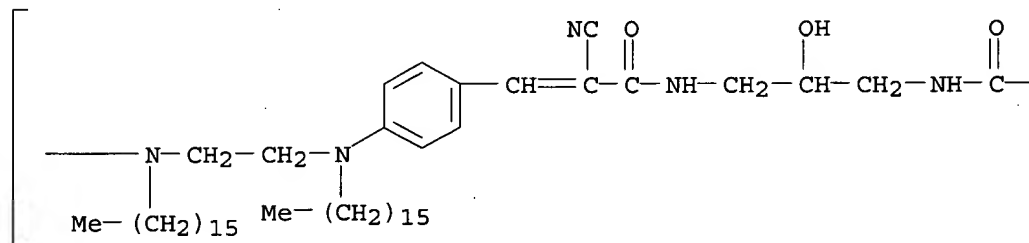
PAGE 1-B



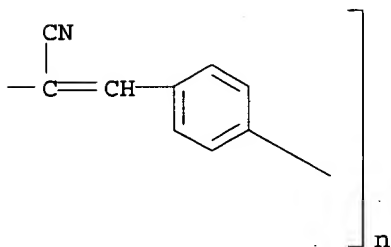
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS
CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexadecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-

3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L4 ANSWER 27 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:458115 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:58115

TITLE: Amphiphilic polymers with syndioregic main chains for second-order nonlinear optical investigations

AUTHOR(S): Hoover, J. M.; Henry, R. A.; Lindsay, G. A.; Nee, S. F.; Stenger-Smith, J. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dep., Nav. Air Warf. Cent. Weapons Div., China Lake, CA, 93555-6001, USA

SOURCE: Special Publication - Royal Society of Chemistry (1993), 137 (Organic Materials for Non-linear Optics III), 40-9

CODEN: SROCDO; ISSN: 0260-6291

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The title polymers were obtained from fluorocarbon diols and bis(cyanocinnamic) comonomers and from ethylenediaminedibenzaldehydes and alkylenebis(picolinium bromides) or a bis(cyanoacetic acid amide). Pressure-area isotherms of all 5 polymers were presented. Second harmonic generation was noted for one of the fluoropolymer-polyesters.

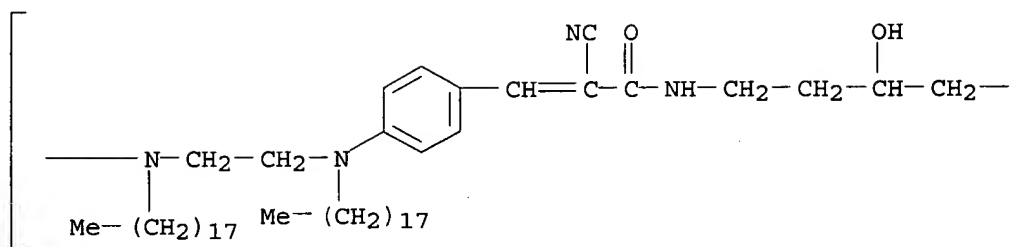
IT 156232-89-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and characterization of)

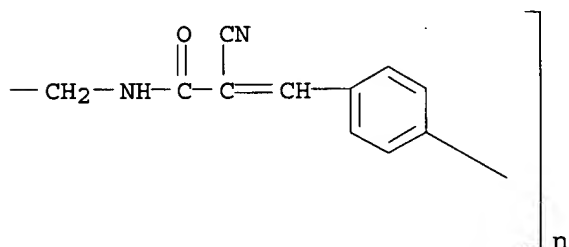
RN 156232-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(octadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(octadecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(3-hydroxy-1,5-pentanediy)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L4 ANSWER 28 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:271515 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:271515

TITLE: Accordion-like polymers for nonlinear applications

INVENTOR(S): Stenger-Smith, John D.; Henry, Ronald; Hoover, James; Lindsay, Geoffrey; Fischer, John; Wynne, Kenneth J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5247055	A	19930921	US 1992-856437	19920320
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-856437	19920320

AB H₂O-insol., org.-sol. title polymers have .gtoreq.2 sequences of repeat units -Z₁YZ₂Y- where Z₁ and Z₂ are bridging units and Y is a chromophoric unit consisting of an electron acceptor group and an electron donor group connected by a rigid connecting group contg. delocalized .pi.-electrons; Y are configured in a regular syndioregic orientation with respect to dipole moments along the backbone. The polymers are useful for second-order nonlinear properties, and piezoelec. and pyroelec. properties. Thus, fluorinated diol HO(CH₂)₂(CF₂)₅CF(CF₃)(CH₂)₂OH and diester EtO₂CC(CN):CH-p-C₆H₄NEt(CH₂)₃NEt-p-C₆H₄CH:C(CN)CO₂Et contg. 1 drop Bu₂Sn dilaurate were heated to 165.degree. under N purge, then in vacuo, cooled and worked up to give polymer with mol. wt. 20,000.

09772617

IT 141823-63-4P

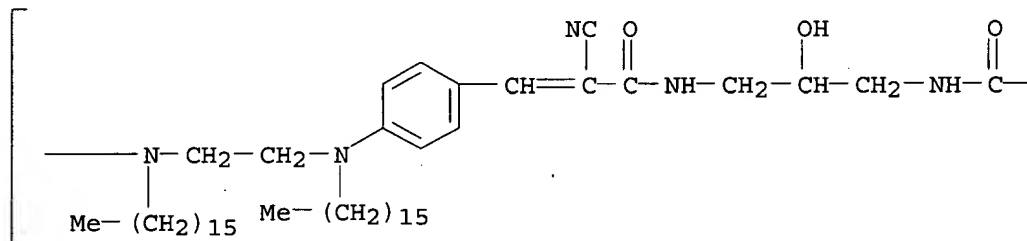
RL: PREP (Preparation)

(accordion-like, prepn. of, for nonlinear properties)

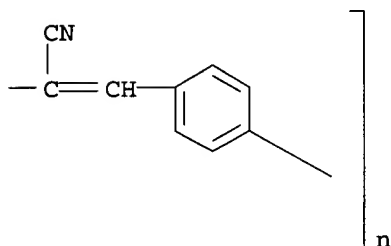
RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS

CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexamethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



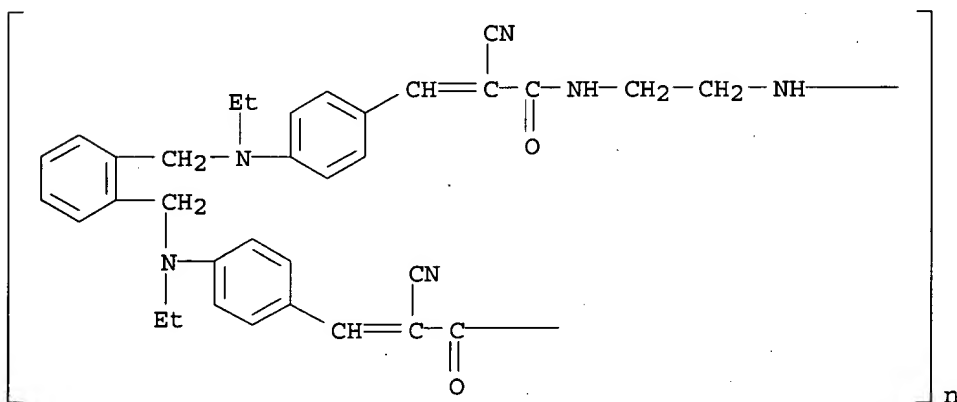
IT 153033-18-2P

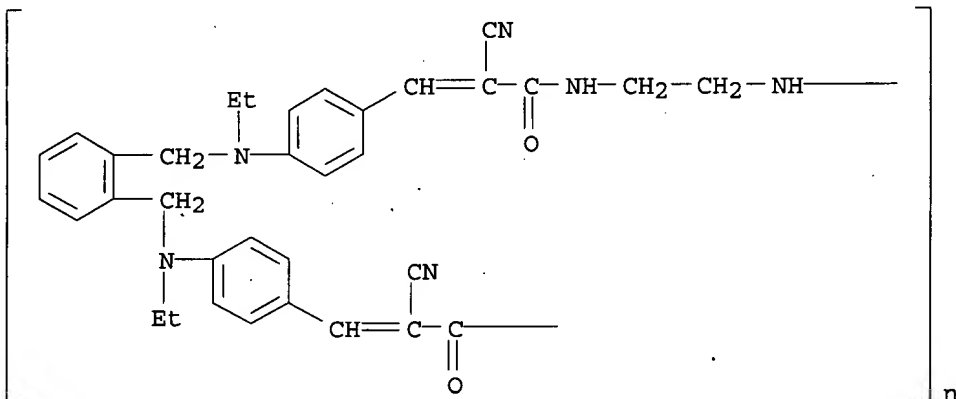
RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, accordion-like, for nonlinear properties)

RN 153033-18-2 CAPLUS

CN Poly[imino-1,2-ethanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene(ethylimino)methylene-1,2-phenylenemethylene(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L4 ANSWER 29 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:473615 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:73615

TITLE: Diffusion of dyes in polycarbonate. A new measurement technique and correlation with shadow areas

AUTHOR(S): Byers, Gary W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Imaging Res. Lab., Eastman Kodak Co., Rochester, NY, 14650-02124, USA

SOURCE: Macromolecules (1993), 26(16), 4242-8

CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

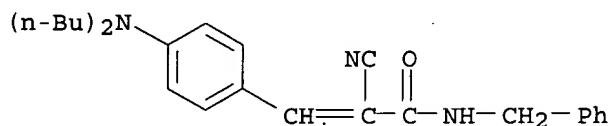
AB Using a simple but novel technique, the diffusion of an assortment of dyes in bisphenol A polycarbonate (I) was examd. at temps. above the I glass temp. (180.0.degree.). The procedure yielded precise diffusion consts. at dye concns. approximating infinite diln. Initial attempts to obtain a quant. structure activity relation (QSAR) between the measured diffusion consts. and properties calcd. for MOPAC optimized dye structures were unsuccessful. However, elongating or streamlining the structures yielded a remarkably good QSAR with a signal parameter, the log of the shadow area cast down the dyes long axis.

IT 141458-71-1

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (diffusion of, in bisphenol A polycarbonate, above polymer glass temp., measurement technique for)

RN 141458-71-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dibutylamino)phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 30 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:428945 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:28945

TITLE: Aqueous inks containing polyoxyalkylene derivatives of

09772617

INVENTOR(S): Kluger, Edward W.; Moore, Patrick D.; Wagner, Judy A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Milliken Research Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 13 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 139,683, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5043013	A	19910827	US 1989-394346	19890815
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-139683	19871230

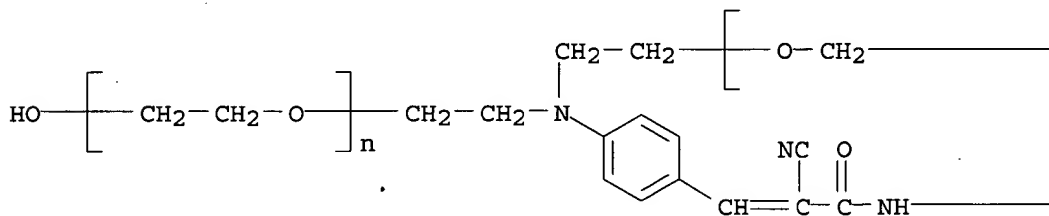
AB Marking-pen inks with low transfer substrates and good washability from hands and fabrics contain the title dyes. Thus, heating 70% H2SO4 42, polyethoxylated PhNH2 polyacetate (d.p. 27) 573, urea 7.6, and o-OHCC6H4SO3Na 52 g for 3 h at 95-100.degree., oxidn. with Bz2O2 at 95-110.degree., and neutralization gave a blue polyethoxylated triphenylmethane dye which was used in an ink with good washability from cotton fabrics and hands.

IT 137446-38-9P
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, as dye for washable marker inks)

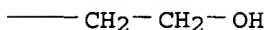
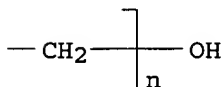
RN 137446-38-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.,.alpha.'-[[[4-[2-cyano-3-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]imino]di-2,1-ethanediyl]bis[.omega.-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



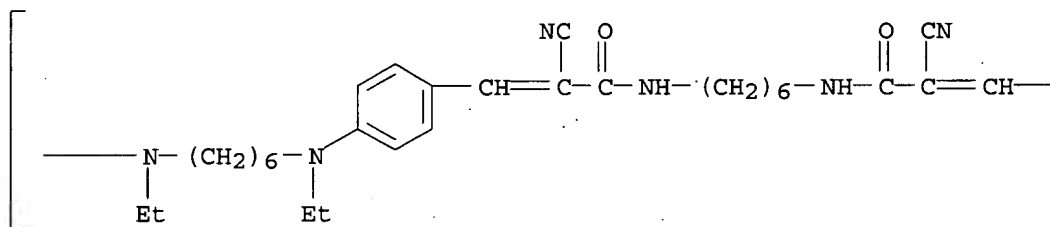
PAGE 1-B



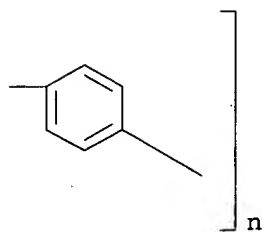
L4 ANSWER 31 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:427639 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:27639
 TITLE: New syndioregic mainchain, nonlinear optical polymers

and their ellipsometric characterization
 AUTHOR(S): Lindsay, G. A.; Nee, S. F.; Hoover, J. M.;
 Stenger-Smith, J. D.; Henry, R. A.; Kubin, R. F.;
 Seltzer, M. D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Dep., Nav. Weapons Cent., China Lake, CA, 93555,
 USA
 SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for
 Optical Engineering (1991), 1560 (Nonlinear Opt. Prop.
 Org. Mater. 4), 443-53
 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB New chromophoric polymers with syndioregic main chains which assume
 folded, polar conformations of the backbone are prepd. Characterization
 of multilayer Langmuir-Blodgett films by null ellipsometry to det. the
 anisotropic refractive parameters was performed at different angles of
 incidence using a wavelength of 1.0 .mu.m.
 IT 141823-62-3
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (glass temp. of)
 RN 141823-62-3 CAPLUS
 CN Poly[(ethylimino)-1,6-hexanediyl(ethylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-3-oxo-1-
 propene-1,3-diyl)imino-1,6-hexanediylimino(2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propene-1,3-
 diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

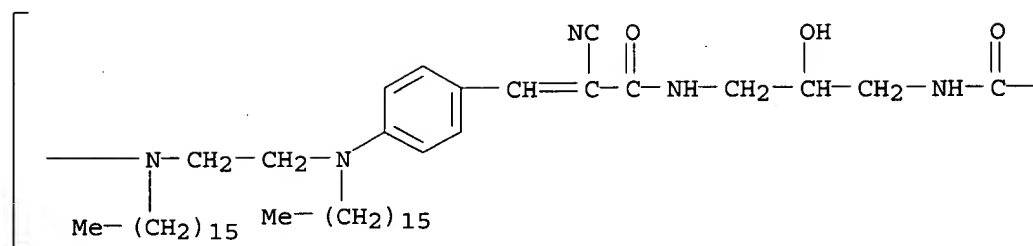


PAGE 1-B

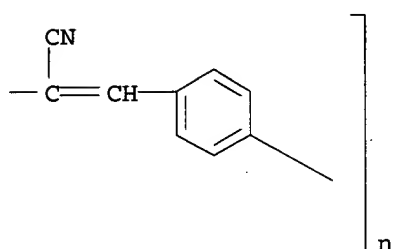


IT 141823-63-4P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and characterization of optical nonlinear)
 RN 141823-63-4 CAPLUS
 CN Poly[(hexadecylimino)-1,2-ethanediyl(hexadecylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-
 3-oxo-1-propene-1,3-diyl)imino(2-hydroxy-1,3-propanediyl)imino(2-cyano-1-
 oxo-2-propene-1,3-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



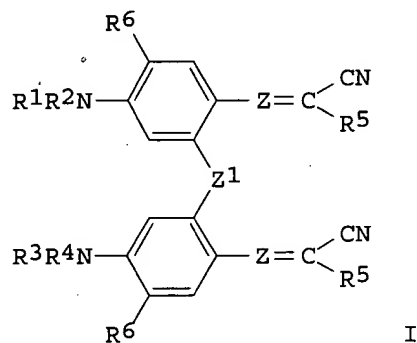
PAGE 1-B



L4 ANSWER 32 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:265742 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:265742
 TITLE: Thermal-transfer recording biscyanostyrene dye
 INVENTOR(S): Chiba, Junji; Ito, Asao
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankio Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03295687	A2	19911226	JP 1990-97704	19900416
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-97704	19900416
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 116:265742			

GI



AB The dye consists of I [R1, R3 = H, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, atom or at. group forming 5- or 6-membered ring with R6; R2, R4 = H, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl; R1R2, R3R4 may form (O-, N-, or S-contg.) 5- or 6-membered ring; R5 = electron-attracting group; R6 = H, atom or at. group forming 5- or 6-membered ring with R1 and R3; Z = methine, N; Z1 = divalent linking group]. The dye gave good yellow images.

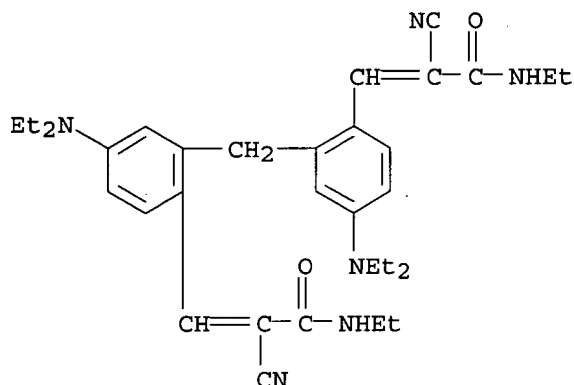
IT 141592-39-4 141592-41-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(thermal-transfer recording medium dye, for yellow images)

RN 141592-39-4 CAPLUS

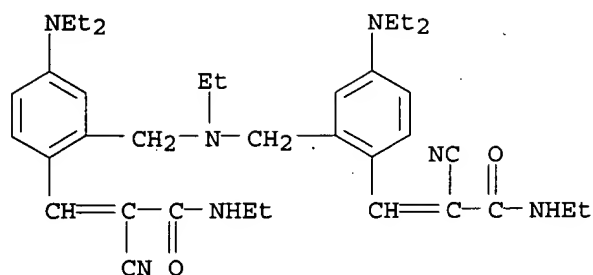
CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[methylenebis[4-(diethylamino)-2,1-phenylene]]bis[2-cyano-N-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141592-41-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[(ethylimino)bis[methylene[4-(diethylamino)-2,1-phenylene]]]bis[2-cyano-N-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09772617



L4 ANSWER 33 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:265728 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:265728

TITLE: Thermal-transfer sheets using bisaniline type dye

INVENTOR(S): Sugafuji, Junpei; Kafuku, Masaaki; Nakamura, Masayuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

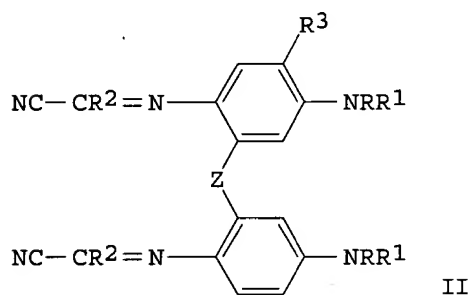
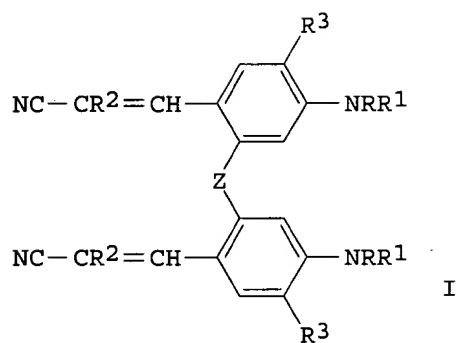
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03297691	A2	19911227	JP 1990-99936	19900416
JP 2857466	B2	19990217		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-99936	19900416
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 116:265728		

GI



AB The thermal-transfer sheets are prepd. by forming, on 1 side of a sheet substrate, a layer contg. a dye I or II [R, R1 = H, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, R and R1 may form a 5- or 6-membered ring which may contain O, N or S atom; R2 = electron-attractive group; R3 = H, atom(s) required to form a 5- or 6-membered ring together with R; Z = divalent group]. A thermal-transfer sheet using I (R = R1 = Et, R2 = CN, R3 = H, Z = CH2) showed good thermal sensitivity and gave high d. yellow images with good storage stability.

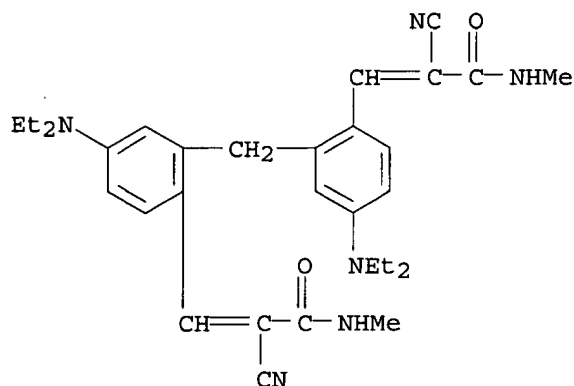
IT 141472-28-8 141472-36-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(dye, thermal-transfer recording material using)

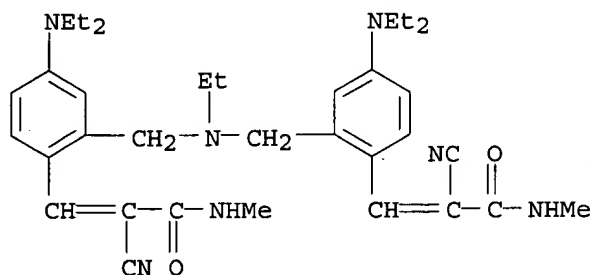
RN 141472-28-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[methylenebis[4-(diethylamino)-2,1-phenylene]]bis[2-cyano-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



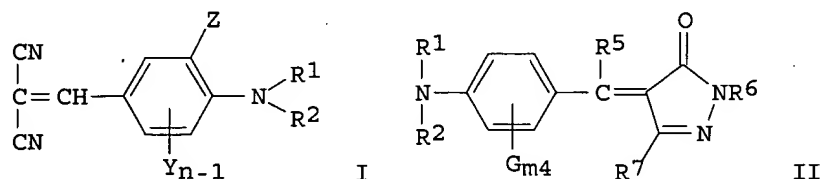
09772617

RN 141472-36-8 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[(ethylimino)bis[methylene[4-(diethylamino)-2,1-phenylene]]]bis[2-cyano-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 34 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:245326 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:245326
 TITLE: Yellow dye mixture for thermal color proofing
 INVENTOR(S): Evans, Steven; Chapman, Derek D.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 14 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 606,399, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5081101	A	19920114	US 1991-676922	19910328
CA 2052843	AA	19920501	CA 1991-2052843	19911004
EP 483801	A1	19920506	EP 1991-118517	19911030
EP 483801	B1	19940112		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 04265792	A2	19920921	JP 1991-285091	19911030
JP 05054833	B4	19930813		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-606399	19901031
			US 1991-676922	19910328
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 116:245326		
GI				



AB A yellow dye-donor element for thermal dye transfer comprises on a support a dye layer contg. a mixt. of .gtoreq.1 I (R1 = C1-10-alkyl,

C5-6-cycloalkyl, allyl; R2 = R1, or R2Z = 5- or 6-membered ring; Z = H, R1, alkoxy, halo, aryloxy; Y = R1, C1-10-alkoxy, halo, atoms to form a 5- or 6-membered fused ring system; n = 1-3) and .gtoreq.1 II (R6 = R1, C6-10-aryl; R7 = C1-10-alkoxy, C6-10-aryloxy, NHR8, NR8R9, or a fused ring with benzene; NR3R4 = 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl, either or both of R3,4 forming a fused ring with benzene; R5 = H, R1, carbamoyl, alkoxy-carbonyl; R8,9 = R6; NR8R9 = 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl; m = 1-3; G = alkyl, alkoxy, halo, aryloxy, fused ring with benzene) dispersed in a polymeric binder. A process of forming a dye transfer image is also claimed.

IT 141458-68-6 141458-69-7 141458-70-0

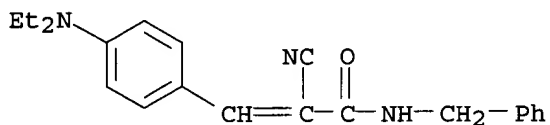
141458-71-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(dye, for thermal-transfer color proof)

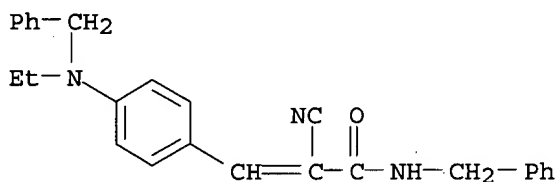
RN 141458-68-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



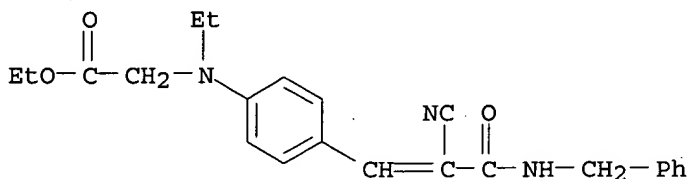
RN 141458-69-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[ethyl(phenylmethyl)amino]phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



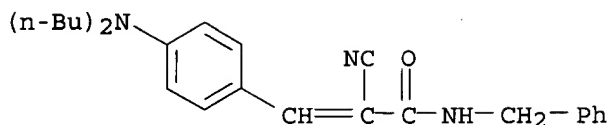
RN 141458-70-0 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[4-[2-cyano-3-oxo-3-[(phenylmethyl)amino]-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-ethyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 141458-71-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-N-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 35 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:682120 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:282120

TITLE: Yellow colorants for sublimation thermal-transfer printing

INVENTOR(S): Chiba, Junji; Kato, Hiroyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Kagaku K. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 02292371	A2	19901203	JP 1989-112005	19890502
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-112005	19890502

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title colorants I [R1-2 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl; R1-2 may be bonded with X to form 5- or 6-membered ring; R3-4 = H, halo, cyano, (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, acylamino, sulfonylamino, ureido, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, acyl, amino; A1-2 = electron-withdrawing group; one of A1-2 may be aryl; Z = CH, N; Y = divalent group; X = H or group to form 5- or 6-membered ring with R1-2; m, n = 1, 2] are prep'd. Thus, condensation of PhNHBu and Br(CH₂)₅Br in presence of Na₂CO₃ and Vilsmeier formylation of the product gave N,N'-di-n-butyl-N,N'-bis(4-formylphenyl)-1,5-diaminopentane, which was then treated with CH₂(CN)₂ to give 80% N,N'-di-n-butyl-N,N'-bis[4-(2,2-dicyanoethylene)phenyl]-1,5-diaminopentane (II). An ink contg. II 4, ethyl Cellosolve 8, MEK 44, and PhMe 44 parts was applied on a capacitor tissue paper and dried to obtain a thermal-transfer material, which gave high-d. image with bright yellow color.

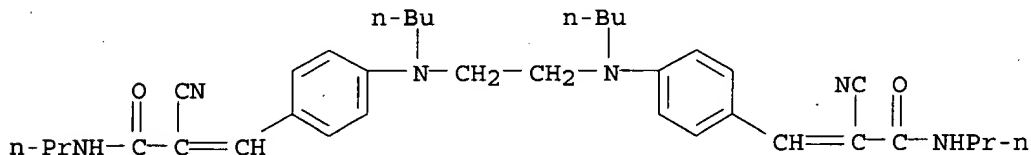
IT 134200-21-8P 136029-44-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, yellow dye, for sublimation thermal-transfer printing)

RN 134200-21-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(butylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[2-cyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

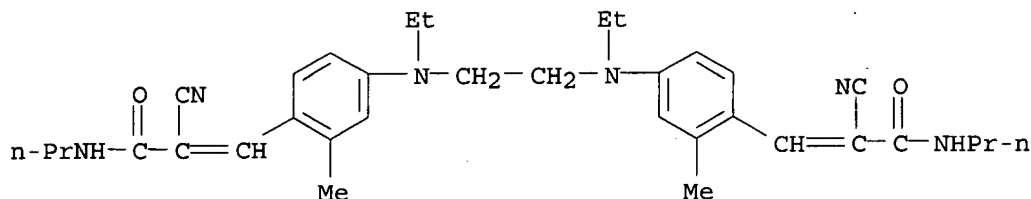


RN 136029-44-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(ethylimino)(2-methyl-4,1-

09772617

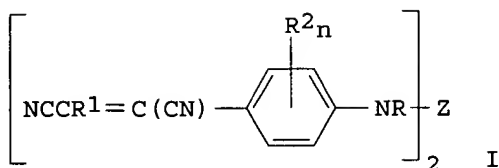
phenylene)]bis[2-cyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 36 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:618967 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:218967
 TITLE: Thermal transfer sheet using biscyanostyrene dye
 INVENTOR(S): Sugafuji, Junpei; Nakamura, Masayuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03086592	A2	19910411	JP 1989-223277	19890831
JP 2844708	B2	19990106		
WO 9013435	A1	19901115	WO 1990-JP562	19900427
W: US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
EP 427867	A1	19910522	EP 1990-907389	19900427
EP 427867	B1	19940921		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 582324	A1	19940209	EP 1993-117101	19900427
EP 582324	B1	19961023		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 727323	A1	19960821	EP 1996-105721	19900427
EP 727323	B1	19980819		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 847870	A1	19980617	EP 1998-101916	19900427
EP 847870	B1	20000105		
R: DE, FR, GB				
US 5223476	A	19930629	US 1990-623442	19901218
US 5304528	A	19940419	US 1993-22413	19930217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1989-111969	19890502
			JP 1989-190868	19890724
			JP 1989-223277	19890831
			EP 1993-117101	19900427
			EP 1996-105721	19900427
			WO 1990-JP562	19900427
			US 1990-623442	19901214

GI



AB The title sheet comprises a substrate with a coating of a dye-carrying layer contg. a dye I [R = H, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, R may form a 5- or 6-membered ring together with R²; R¹ = electron-attracting group; R² = H, halo, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, aralkyl, acylamino, sulfonylamino, ureido, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, acyl, amino; Z = divalent group; n = 1,2]. A thermal-transfer sheet using I (R = C₂H₄CN, R¹ = CN, R² = H, Z = C₃H₆, n = 1) gave clear, high d. images with fastness and good storage stability.

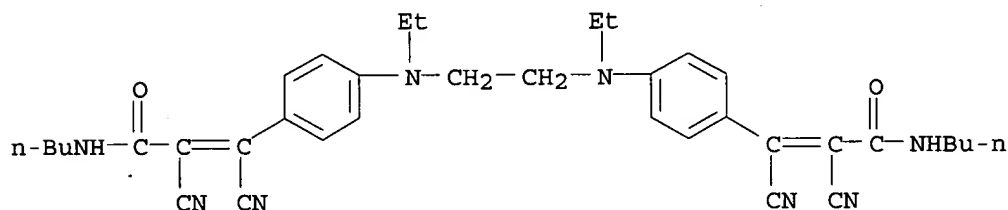
IT 136821-94-8 136987-88-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(thermal-transfer recording material using)

RN 136821-94-8 CAPLUS

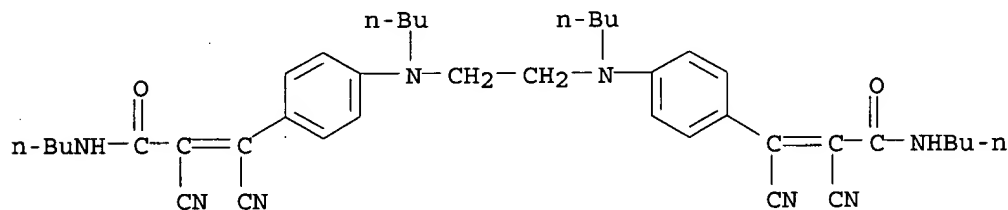
CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(ethylimino)(methyl-4,1-phenylene)]]bis[N-butyl-2,3-dicyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



2 (D1-Me)

RN 136987-88-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(butylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[N-butyl-2,3-dicyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 37 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:618966 CAPLUS

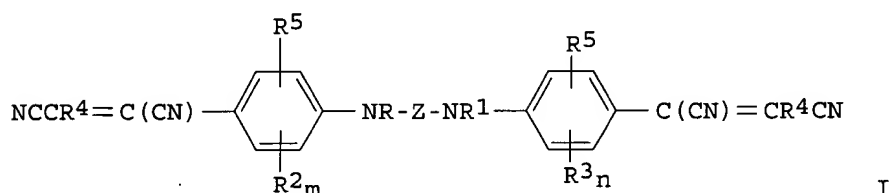
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:218966

TITLE: Biscyanostyrene dyes for thermal-transfer recording

09772617

INVENTOR(S): Chiba, Junji; Kato, Hiroyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03086591	A2	19910411	JP 1989-223015	19890831
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			JP 1989-223015	19890831



AB A dye for thermal-transfer recording has formula I [R, R1 = H, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, they may form a 5- or 6-membered ring together with R5, resp.; R2, R3 = H, halo, CN, (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, acylamino, sulfonylamino, ureido, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, acyl, amino; R4 = electron-attracting group; R5 = H, atom(s) required to form a 5-or 6-membered ring together with R or R1; Z = divalent group; m, n = 1,2]. A thermal-transfer sheet using I (R = R1 = Bu, R2 = R3 = R5 = H, R4 = CN, Z = (CH2)5] gave clear, high d. magenta images.

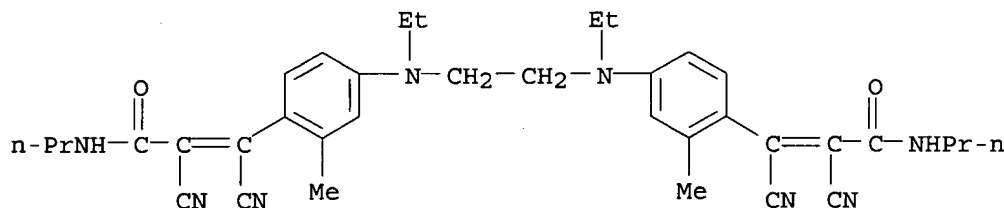
IT 136967-47-0 136987-93-4

RL: USES (Uses)

(thermal-transfer recording material using)

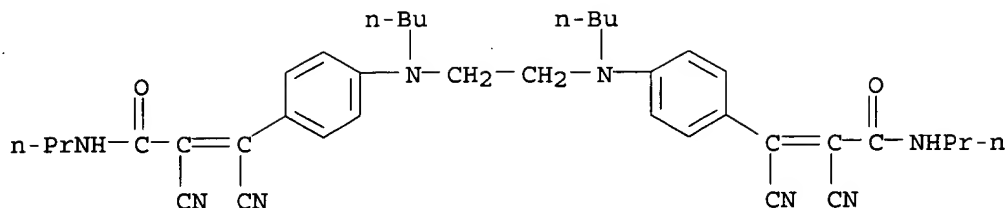
RN 136967-47-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(ethylimino)(2-methyl-4,1-phenylene)]]bis[2,3-dicyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 136987-93-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(butylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[2,3-dicyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 38 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:249362 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:249362

TITLE: Thermal-transfer dye sheet

INVENTOR(S): Sugafuji, Junpei; Saito, Hitoshi; Eguchi, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

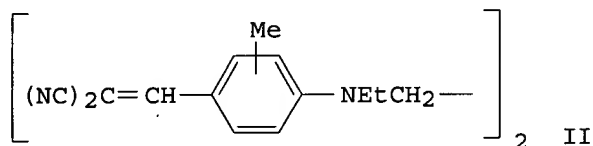
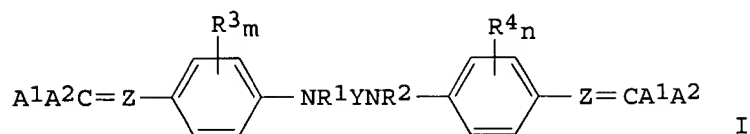
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 02292090	A2	19901203	JP 1989-111969	19890502
JP 2844345	B2	19901006		
WO 9013435	A1	19901115	WO 1990-JP562	19900427
W: US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
EP 427867	A1	19910522	EP 1990-907389	19900427
EP 427867	B1	19940921		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 582324	A1	19940209	EP 1993-117101	19900427
EP 582324	B1	19961023		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 727323	A1	19960821	EP 1996-105721	19900427
EP 727323	B1	19980819		
R: DE, FR, GB				
EP 847870	A1	19980617	EP 1998-101916	19900427
EP 847870	B1	20000105		
R: DE, FR, GB				
US 5223476	A	19930629	US 1990-623442	19901218
US 5304528	A	19940419	US 1993-22413	19930217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1989-111969	19890502
			JP 1989-190868	19890724
			JP 1989-223277	19890831
			EP 1993-117101	19900427
			EP 1996-105721	19900427
			WO 1990-JP562	19900427
			US 1990-623442	19901214

GI



AB Dye layer of the title sheet contains dyes I [R¹-2 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, groups that form 5-6 membered ring with R³-4; R³-4 = H, halo, cyano, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, acylamino, sulfonylamino, ureido, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, acyl, amino; A¹-2 = electron-attracting group; 1 of A¹-2 may be aryl; Z = methine, N; Y = divalent group; m, n = 1-3]. These dyes, despite their high mol. wt., show high transferability, durability and coloring property, and the image is well fixed. The images obtained have high resistance to discoloration in storage. Thus, a dye sheet having a layer contg. II and poly(vinyl butyral) was used for thermal-transfer printing on coated receptor sheet, to obtain high-d. image which was resistant to storage for 48 h at 70.degree..

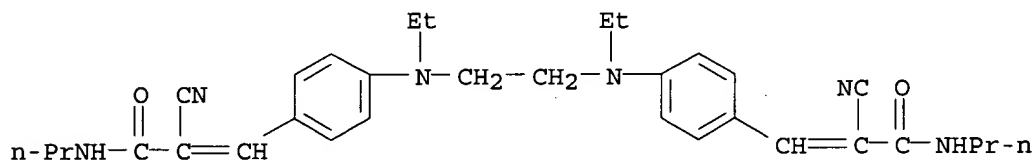
IT 134120-63-1 134200-21-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(dye, thermal-transfer dye sheets contg.)

RN 134120-63-1 CAPLUS

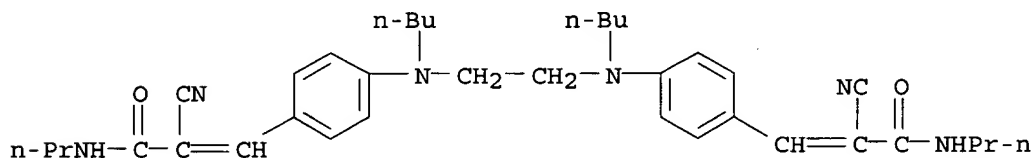
CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(ethylimino)(methyl-4,1-phenylene)]]bis[2-cyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



2 (D1-Me)

RN 134200-21-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3,3'-[1,2-ethanediylbis[(butylimino)-4,1-phenylene]]bis[2-cyano-N-propyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 39 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:613196 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:213196

TITLE: Effects of molecular rigidity on electric field induced alignment and orientational stability of dipolar chromophore composites

AUTHOR(S): Katz, H. E.; Schilling, M. L.; Washington, G.; Dirk, C. W.; Holland, W. R.; Fang, T.; Singer, K. D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: AT and T Bell Lab., Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA

SOURCE: Materials Research Society Symposium Proceedings (1990), 173(Adv. Org. Solid State Mater.), 543-9
CODEN: MRSPDH; ISSN: 0272-9172

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The relationship between the supramol. conformational structure of assembled chromophores and their susceptibility to elec. field poling is of interest for maximizing the bulk alignment achievable in an electro-optic material. Soln.-phase dielec. const. measurements were employed to investigate possible enhancements in dipolar susceptibility as a function of connectivity and state of aggregation in rationally synthesized chromophore assemblies, including conformationally defined head-to-tail oligomers. On the other hand, conformationally unrestricted, highly dipolar azo dyes behave as relatively isolated mols. even when present in supersatd. solns. and in close proximity to polymer chains.

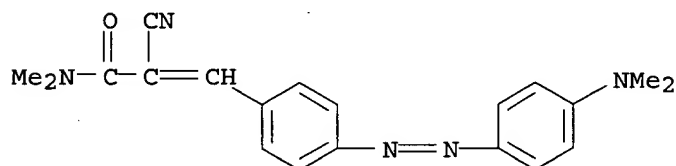
IT 123643-40-3 125535-35-5

RL: USES (Uses)

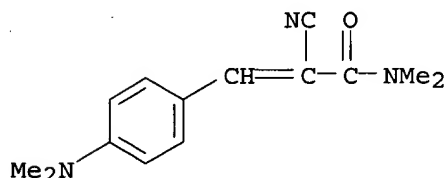
(elec. field-induced alignment and orientational stability of, alignment in polymeric electro-optical materials in relation to)

RN 123643-40-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 125535-35-5 CAPLUS

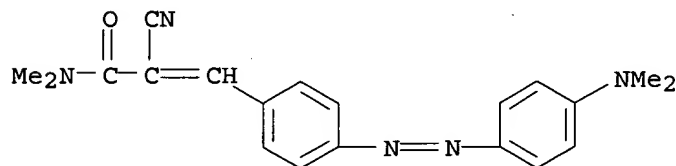
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

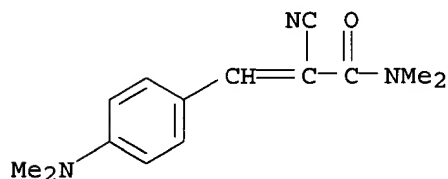
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:498441 CAPLUS

09772617

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:98441
TITLE: Conformationally restricted polymers and oligomers for second order nonlinear optics: dielectric and solid state characterization
AUTHOR(S): Katz, H. E.; Schilling, M. L.
CORPORATE SOURCE: AT and T Bell Lab., Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA
SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering (1990), Volume Date 1989, 1147(Nonlinear Opt. Prop. Org. Mater. 2), 90-100
CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB The concn.-dependent dielec. consts. of solns. of 4-amino-4'-(2,2-dicyanovinyl)azobenzene dyes and a copolymer of dye deriv. with Me methacrylate measured at concns. comparable to those in nonlinear optical polymer films suggested that chromophore aggregation did not occur in this concn. range and, therefore, should not diminish poling-induced order in the copolymer. The dipole moments of head-to-tail-linked nonlinear optical cyanovinyl chromophores with reinforced dipole moment additivity were consistent with predicted values. The dipole moments of solns. of anilines and azo dyes contg. cyanovinylcarboxamide linkages and 4-nitroaniline derivs. were measured.
IT 123643-40-3
RL: PRP (Properties)
(dipole moment of chloroform solns. of, second-order optical nonlinear property in relation to)
RN 123643-40-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



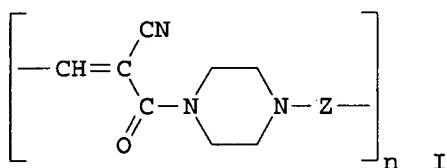
IT 125535-35-5
RL: PRP (Properties)
(dipole moment of dioxane solns. of, second-order optical nonlinear property in relation to)
RN 125535-35-5 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



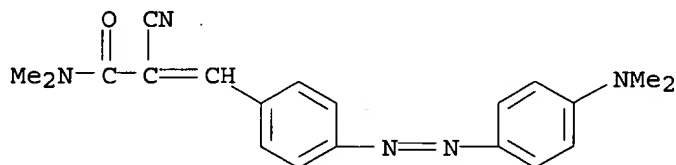
L4 ANSWER 41 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

09772617

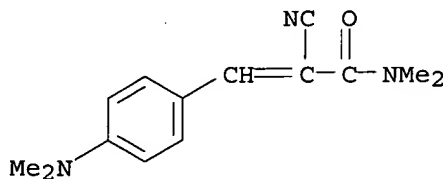
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:99358 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 112:99358
TITLE: Preparation and dielectric properties of dipolar
polymers for nonlinear optical (NLO) applications
AUTHOR(S): Schilling, M. L.; Katz, H. E.
CORPORATE SOURCE: AT and T Bell Lab., Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA
SOURCE: Polymeric Materials Science and Engineering (1989),
61, 936-9
CODEN: PMSEDG; ISSN: 0743-0515
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
GI



AB Head-to-tail dipolar oligomers, (I, Z = p-phenylene or
p-phenylene-azo-p-phenylene) were prep'd., and the dipole moments were
consistent with those predicted from conformational anal., x-ray
structures, and dielec. properties of model compds.
IT 123643-40-3 125535-35-5
RL: PRP (Properties)
(dielec. properties of, as model compd. for dipolar oligomeric
polyamides for nonlinear optical applications)
RN 123643-40-3 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]phenyl]-N,N-
dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 125535-35-5 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 42 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:615957 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:215957

TITLE: Synthetic approaches to head-to-tail linked azo dyes for nonlinear optical applications

AUTHOR(S): Schilling, M. L.; Katz, H. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: AT and T Bell Lab., Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA

SOURCE: Chemistry of Materials (1989), 1(6), 668-73

CODEN: CMATEX; ISSN: 0897-4756

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

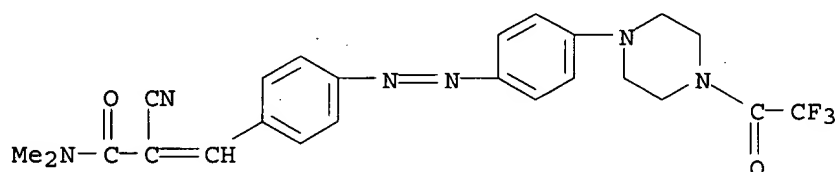
AB Two pathways for the synthesis of dipolar, main-chain azo dye oligomers were investigated. The first involved amide coupling of an N-arylpiperazine with a cyanocinnamic acid-terminated azo dye, while the second depended upon Knoevenagel condensations of piperazinamides of cyanoacetic acid with (arylaazo)benzaldehydes. The amide coupling was successful in the case of N-phenylpiperazine but failed with ((arylaazo)phenyl)piperazines. The Knoevenagel condensation was more general, and made possible the synthesis of a dimeric azo dye and an oligomeric azo dye mixt. with the desired connectivity. The principal mol. moments of the chromophores in these oligomers, when in extended conformations, were significantly additive so that poled polymeric materials contg. these oligomers could be expected to exhibit larger hyperpolarizabilities than would materials contg. analogous, monomeric chromophores. Dipole moment measurements on the dimer and on models of its two "halves" confirmed this additivity.

IT 123643-38-9P 123643-40-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and spectra of)

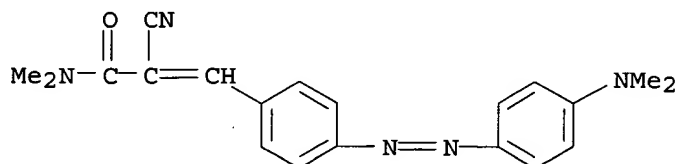
RN 123643-38-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-N,N-dimethyl-3-[4-[[4-(trifluoroacetyl)-1-piperazinyl]phenyl]azo]phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 123643-40-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]azo]phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

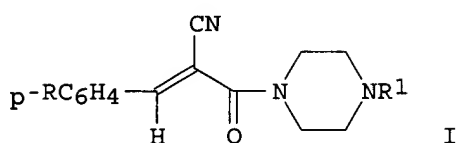


L4 ANSWER 43 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:553750 CAPLUS

09772617

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:153750
TITLE: Head-to-tail assemblies of dipolar, piperazine-linked chromophores: synthesis, x-ray structure, and dielectric characterization
AUTHOR(S): Katz, H. E.; Schilling, M. L.
CORPORATE SOURCE: AT and T Bell Lab., Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA
SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1989), 111(19), 7554-7
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 111:153750
GI



AB Dimer I (R = Et₂N, R₁ = C₆H₄NO₂-p) (II) and a mixt. of oligomers of acceptor-substituted anilines are prep'd. either by Knoevenagel condensation of substituted (cyanoacetyl)piperazines with p-aminobenzaldehydes or by carbonyldiimidazole-promoted coupling of phenylpiperazines with p-amino-.alpha.-cyanocinnamic acids. The resulting oligomeric acylpiperazines possess significantly additive mol. moments when in extended conformations. II is conformationally defined. X-ray structural anal. of model comp'd. I (R = Me₂N, R₁ = Ph) confirmed the conformation and bond angles at the amide linkage. The enforced extended conformation of the dimer results in an enhanced dipole moment relative to the constituent monomers and raises the possibility of further enhancements in extended higher oligomers. Acylation of 4-(4-nitrophenyl)piperazine with ClCH₂C(=O)Cl leads to HCN evolution during workup and presents a safety problem.

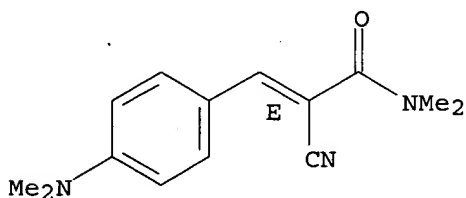
IT 122648-75-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and dipole moment of)

RN 122648-75-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N,N-dimethyl-, (E)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L4 ANSWER 44 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

09772617

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:130521 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:130521
 TITLE: Herbicidally active enols
 INVENTOR(S): Ashmore, John W.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rohm and Haas Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 23 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

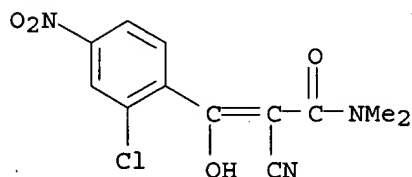
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4781750	A	19881101	US 1985-770033	19850827
EP 213892	A2	19870311	EP 1986-306472	19860821
EP 213892	A3	19890118		
EP 213892	B1	19920325		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1985-770033 19850827
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:130521; MARPAT 110:130521

AB The enols ABC: CW(OV) [A = COR18 CO2R1, CONR4R5; B = CN, COR, CO2R, SOnR2; V = H, alkyl, COR3, phenylalkyl; W = (un)substituted furan, thiophene or Ph; R, R1 = alkyl; R2 = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl or Ph; R3 = (un)substituted Ph; R4, R5 = alkyl; NR4R5 = heterocyclyl; n = 0, 1, 2] are prepd. as herbicides. 2-Nitro-4-chlorobenzoyl chloride (prepn. given) was added to a cooled soln. of N,N-dimethylcyanoacetamide, Et3N and 4-dimethylaminopyridine in THF, to give N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-nitro-4-chlorobenzoyl)-2-cyanoacetamide (I). Pre-emergence application of 8 lb I/ha controlled the monocotyledonous weeds by 80% and the dicotyledonous weeds by 72%.

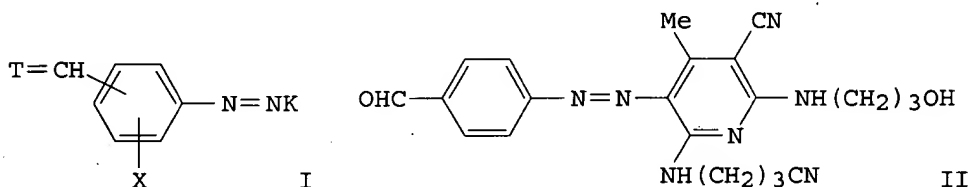
IT 110964-30-2P 119164-26-0P
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of, as herbicide)

RN 110964-30-2 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenamide, 3-(2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl)-2-cyano-3-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 119164-26-0 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-methyl-4-nitro-, 2-cyano-3-(dimethylamino)-1-(2-methyl-4-nitrophenyl)-3-oxo-1-propenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

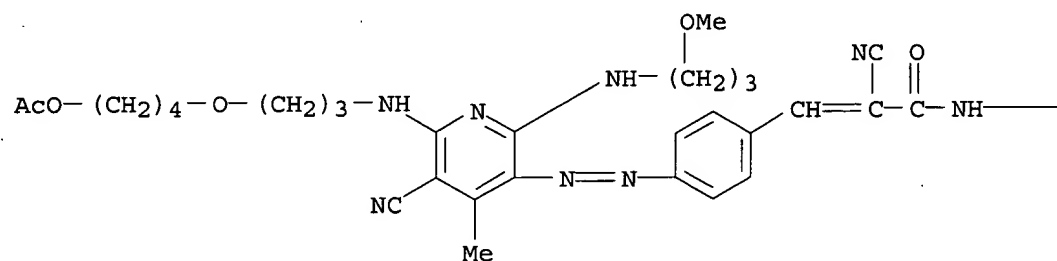
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
DE 3619605	A1	19871217	DE 1986-3619605	19860611
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1986-3619605	19860611
GI				



IT 113784-90-0P 113785-16-3P 113785-17-4P
113798-86-0P

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-[4-[6-[3-[4-(acetyloxy)butoxy]propyl]amino]-5-cyano-2-
[(3-methoxypropyl)amino]-4-methyl-3-pyridinyl]azo]phenyl]-2-cyano-N-(3-
methoxypropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

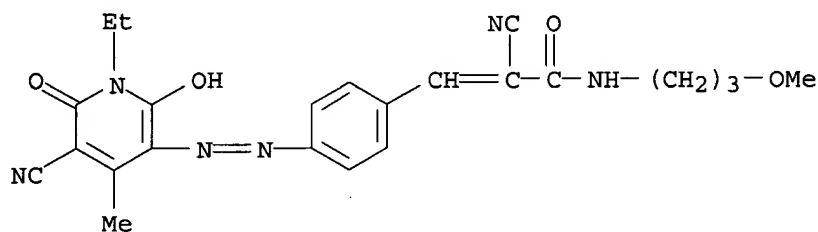


PAGE 1-B

— (CH₂)₃—OMe

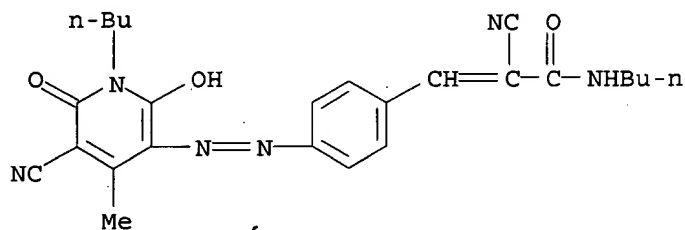
RN 113785-16-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-[4-[(5-cyano-1-ethyl-1,6-dihydro-2-hydroxy-4-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridinyl)azo]phenyl]-N-(3-methoxypropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



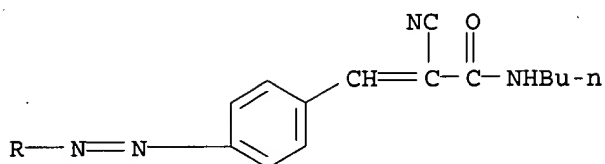
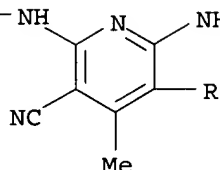
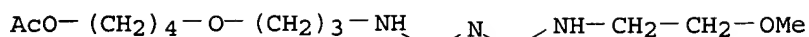
RN 113785-17-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, N-butyl-3-[4-[(1-butyl-5-cyano-1,6-dihydro-2-hydroxy-4-methyl-6-oxo-3-pyridinyl)azo]phenyl]-2-cyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 113798-86-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-[4-[[6-[[3-[4-(acetyloxy)butoxy]propyl]amino]-5-cyano-2-[(2-methoxyethyl)amino]-4-methyl-3-pyridinyl]azo]phenyl]-N-butyl-2-cyano- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 46 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:631431 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:231431
 TITLE: Preparation of enol derivatives as herbicides
 INVENTOR(S): Ashmore, John William
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rohm and Haas Co., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 92 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 213892	A2	19870311	EP 1986-306472	19860821
EP 213892	A3	19890118		
EP 213892	B1	19920325		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
US 4781750	A	19881101	US 1985-770033	19850827
AU 8661184	A1	19870305	AU 1986-61184	19860815
BR 8604064	A	19871117	BR 1986-4064	19860826
JP 62084040	A2	19870417	JP 1986-199199	19860827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-770033	19850827
			EP 1986-306472	19860821

AB Herbicidal compns. comprise the enols ABC: CW(OV) [A = COR, CO₂R; R = alkyl, (un)substituted cycloalkyl; CONR₁R₂; R₁, R₂ = alkyl; NR₁R₂ = heterocyclyl; B = CN, COR₃, CO₂R₃; R₃ = H, alkyl; SOnR₄; R₄ = alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, (un)substituted cycloalkyl or Ph; V = H, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, etc.; W = (un)substituted heterocyclyl, substituted Ph; n = 0-2], their geometric isomers or tautomers, halogen addn. products and salts. A mixt. of 3-oxo-4,4-dimethylpentanonitrile Mg salt (prepn. given) was refluxed with 2-nitrobenzoyl chloride in toluene to give 2-cyano-4,4-dimethyl-1-hydroxy-3-oxo-1-(2-nitrophenyl)-1-pentene (I). Pre-emergence 2.24 lb I-acre gave 96% control of monocotyledonous weed and 25% control of dicotyledonous weeds.

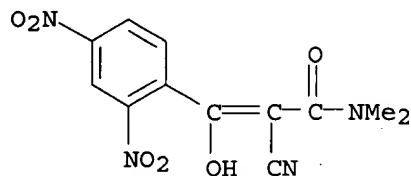
IT **110964-12-0P 110964-30-2P**
 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

09772617

(prepn. of, as herbicide)

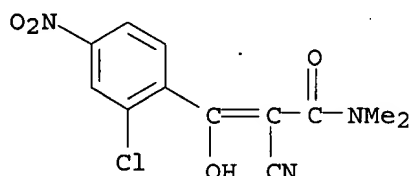
RN 110964-12-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 2-cyano-3-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-3-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 110964-30-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-(2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl)-2-cyano-3-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 47 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:463685 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:63685

TITLE: Basic dyes

INVENTOR(S): Eisert, Manfred; Grychtol, Klaus

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

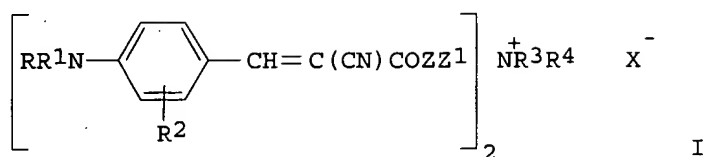
LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
DE 2942185	A1	19810430	DE 1979-2942185	19791018	
CA 1133923	A1	19821019	CA 1980-360590	19800919	
EP 27611	A2	19810429	EP 1980-106163	19801010	
EP 27611	A3	19810506			
EP 27611	B1	19830518			
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE					
JP 56065048	A2	19810602	JP 1980-145088	19801018	
JP 63060793	B4	19881125			
US 4597912	A	19860701	US 1985-735298	19850517	
US 4720568	A	19880119	US 1986-826987	19860207	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				DE 1979-2942185	19791018
				US 1980-188264	19800917
				US 1985-735298	19850517

GI



AB Basic dyes (I; R, R¹ = optionally substituted C1-4 alkyl, cyclohexyl, benzyl, phenylethyl, or phenyl; RR¹N = heterocycle; R² = H, Cl, Br, Me, Et, MeO, EtO, NO₂; R³, R⁴ = H, C1-4 alkyl, benzyl; Z = O, NH; Z¹ = C2-6 alkylene; X⁻ = anion) are prepd. and used to dye paper in fast greenish yellow shades with little coloration of the dyeing waste water. Thus, cyanoacetic acid [372-09-8] was heated in Ac₂O, Et₂N+(CH₂CH₂OH)₂ Cl⁻ [22933-33-1] and p-Et₂NC₆H₄CHO [120-21-8] were added, and the mixt. was held at 90.degree. for 3 h and worked up to give I (R = R¹ = R³ = R⁴ = Et, R² = H, Z = O, Z¹ = CH₂CH₂, X⁻ = Cl⁻) [78182-01-1]. Three other I were similarly prepd.

IT 78181-90-5

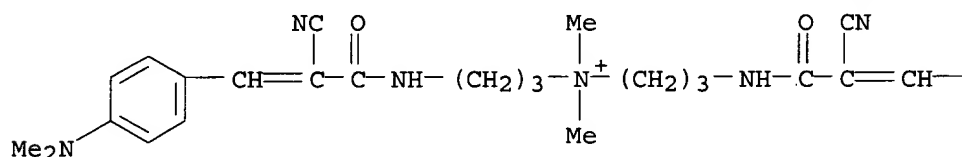
RL: USES (Uses)

(dye, for paper, prepn. of)

RN 78181-90-5 CAPLUS

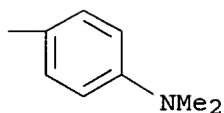
CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N-[3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]propyl]-N,N-dimethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



O Cl⁻

PAGE 1-B



L4 ANSWER 48 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:407174 CAPLUS

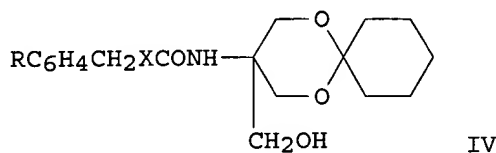
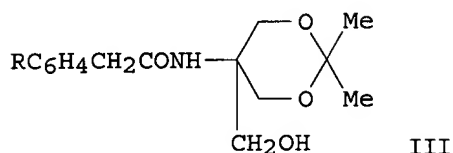
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:7174

TITLE: Synthesis, structure and neoplasm-inhibiting activity of some p-substituted N,N-bis(2-chloroethyl)anilines

AUTHOR(S): Belogorodskii, V. V.; Myuller, N. R.; Filov, V. A.; Ivin, B. A.

09772617

CORPORATE SOURCE: Nauchno-Issled. Inst. Onkol. im. Petrova, Leningrad, USSR
 SOURCE: Khimiko-Farmatsevticheskii Zhurnal (1981), 15(3), 20-5
 CODEN: KHFZAN; ISSN: 0023-1134
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 GI



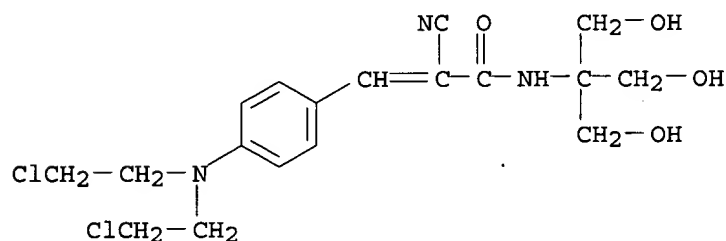
AB Treatment of $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{COCl} \cdot \text{HCl}$ [$\text{R} = \text{p}-(\text{ClCH}_2\text{CH}_2)_2\text{N}$ throughout] with $\text{H}_2\text{NC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_3$ (I) gave 50% $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{CONHC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_3$ (II), which was cyclocondensed with $\text{Me}_2\text{C}(\text{OEt})_2$ to give 74.5% III or with cyclohexanone di-Et acetal to give 70% IV ($\text{X} = \text{bond}$). Acetylation of II gave 78% $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{CONHC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OAc})_3$ (V). Condensation of $\text{EtO}_2\text{CCH}_2\text{CN}$ with I gave 56% $\text{NCCH}_2\text{CONHC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_3$ which was condensed with $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CHO}$ to give 70.3% $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}:\text{C}(\text{CN})\text{CONHC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_3$ (VI). Redn. of the latter with NaBH_4 gave 63.7% $\text{RC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CN})\text{CONHC}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})_3$ (VII), which was cyclocondensed with cyclohexanone di-Et acetal to give 52% IV ($\text{X} = \text{CHCN}$). Compds. II-VII were effective inhibitors for Sarcomas 37, 45, and 180.

IT 77898-37-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. and neoplasm-inhibiting activity of)

RN 77898-37-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-[4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]phenyl]-2-cyano-N-[2-hydroxy-1,1-bis(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 49 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:406864 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:6864

TITLE: 4-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)-4-amino]benzylidenecyanoacetic acid trihydroxy-tert-butylamide with antineoplastic activity

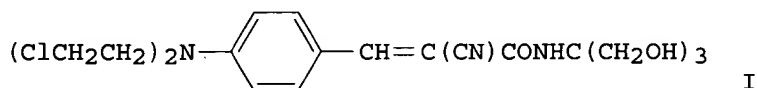
INVENTOR(S): Belogorodskii, V. V.; Myuller, N. R.; Ivin, B. A.; Filov, V. A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scientific-Research Institute of Oncology, USSR

09772617

SOURCE: U.S.S.R. From: Otkrytiya, Izobret., Prom. Obratzsy, Tovarnye Znaki 1981, (1), 242.
 CODEN: URXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Russian
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
SU 677284	T	19810107	SU 1978-2563672	19780104
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			SU 1978-2563672	19780104



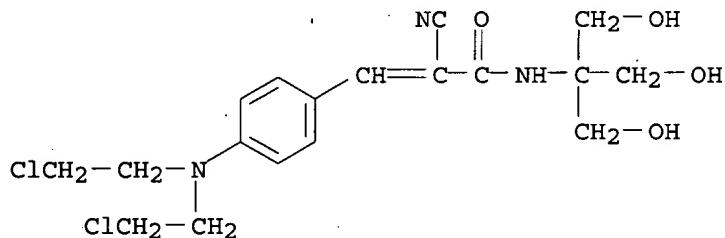
AB The title compd.(I) was prepd. by refluxing trihydroxy-tert-butylamine in abs. EtOH with cyanoacetic ester and the resulting cyanoacetic acid trihydroxy-tert-butylamide was reacted in dioxane with 4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]benzaldehyde in the presence of a basic piperidine catalyst.

IT 77898-37-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

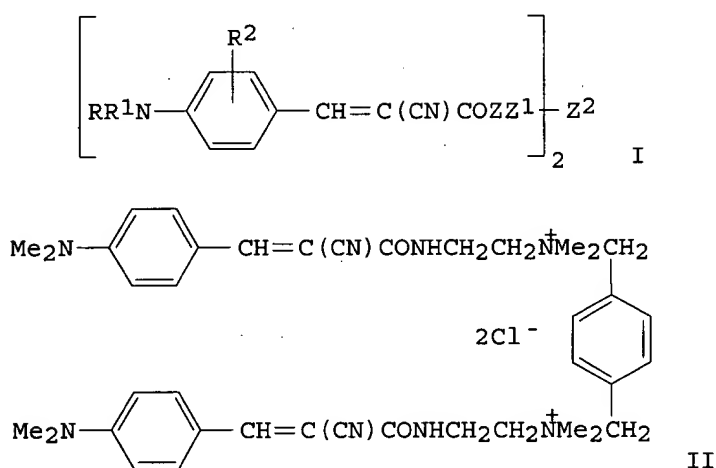
RN 77898-37-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-[4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]phenyl]-2-cyano-N-[2-hydroxy-1,1-bis(hydroxymethyl)ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 50 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:216734 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:216734
 TITLE: Basic dyes
 INVENTOR(S): Grychtol, Klaus
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2826981	A1	19800117	DE 1978-2826981	19780620
DE 2826981	C2	19870409		
FR 2434844	A1	19800328	FR 1979-12165	19790514
FR 2434844	B1	19821105		
US 4280964	A	19810728	US 1979-45866	19790606
JP 55003483	A2	19800111	JP 1979-74089	19790614
JP 63001348	B4	19880112		
CH 643283	A	19840530	CH 1979-5640	19790615
GB 2026522	A	19800206	GB 1979-21311	19790619
GB 2026522	B2	19821110		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1978-2826981	19780620
GI				

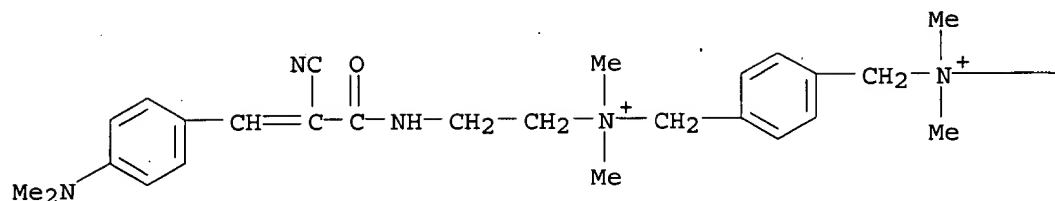
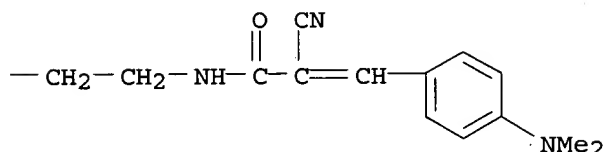


AB Basic dyes of general structure I are prepd., where R and R1 (independently) = HO, alkoxy, CN, carbalkoxy, amino, Br- or Cl-substituted alkyl, cyclohexyl, benzyl, phenethyl, or Ph, RR1N = pyrrolidino, piperidino, morpholino, or N-methylpiperazino, R2 = H, Cl, Br, alkyl, alkoxy, or NO2, Z = O or imino, Z1 = alkylene, and Z2 = bridging group (esp. a bisquaternary ammonium group). I are yellow dyes for paper. Thus, reaction of NCCH2CONHCH2CH2NMe2 [15029-55-7] with p-C6H4(CH2Cl)2 [623-25-6] in MeOCH2CH2OH at reflux, addn. of p-Me2NC6H4CHO [100-10-7] and piperidine, heating at 120.degree., cooling, and diln. with Me2CO gave II [73570-64-6]. Bleached sulfite pulp was dyed greenish yellow by II and the resultant wastewater had only a faint yellow color.

IT **73570-64-6P**
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(manuf. of, as a dye for paper)

RN 73570-64-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenedimethanaminium, N,N'-bis[2-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]ethyl]-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-, dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O₂ Cl⁻

L4 ANSWER 51 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:467820 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:67820
 TITLE: Quaternary styryl dyes
 INVENTOR(S): Bauman, Donald L.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co.
 SOURCE: U.S., 5 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3742012	A	19730626	US 1972-217934	19720113
IT 972892	A	19740531	IT 1972-33558	19721222
CA 1003848	A1	19770118	CA 1973-160627	19730105
FR 2167890	A1	19730824	FR 1973-725	19730110
GB 1377933	A	19741218	GB 1973-1343	19730110
BE 794010	A1	19730502	BE 1973-126431	19730112
DE 2301495	A1	19730726	DE 1973-2301495	19730112
JP 48079829	A2	19731026	JP 1973-6334	19730113
JP 51016207	B4	19760522		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1972-217934 19720113
 AB Quaternary styryl dyes (I, R, R1 = Me, Et, CH₂CH₂CN; R2 = H, Me; R3 = Me, Et, PhCH₂, cyclohexyl; R4, R5 = Me, Et; Q = OCH₂CH₂, NH(CH₂)₃; X = Cl, MeSO₄, AcO or their mixts) were prepd. and were used to dye paper bleachable, greenish yellow shades. Thus, a mixt. of NCCH₂CO₂Et and Me₂NCH₂CH₂OH was refluxed in cyclohexane with isopropyl titanate as a catalyst and the EtOH-cyclohexane azeotrope was removed. The mixt. was cooled and treated with Me₂SO₄ to give (.beta.-cyanoacetoxyethyl)trimethylammonium methosulfate [41621-99-2] which was

09772617

condensed with Et₂NC₆H₄CHO in DMF with a piperidine catalyst to give styryl dye I (R = R₁ = Et; R₂ = H; R₃ = R₄ = R₅ = Me; Q = OCH₂CH₂; X = MeSO₄) [41622-00-8]. The other I were similarly prepd.

IT 42876-66-4P 42876-67-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

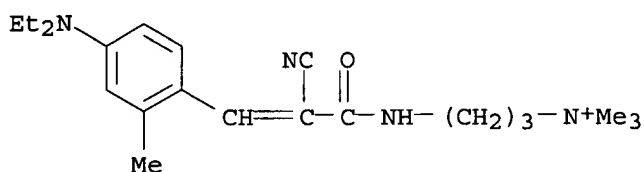
RN 42876-66-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(diethylamino)-2-methylphenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 48213-76-9

CMF C21 H33 N4 O



CM 2

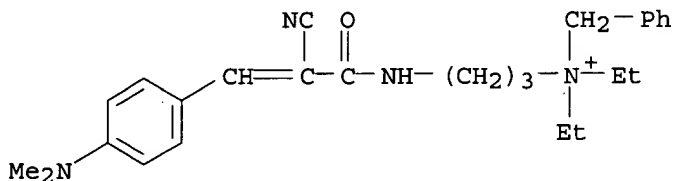
CRN 21228-90-0

CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-O-SO₃⁻

RN 42876-67-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanaminium, N-[3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]propyl]-N,N-diethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Cl⁻

IT 42876-80-2 42876-81-3 42876-82-4
42982-93-4

RL: PRP (Properties)
(spectrum of)

RN 42876-80-2 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[3-[4-[bis(2-cyanoethyl)amino]-2-methylphenyl]-2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

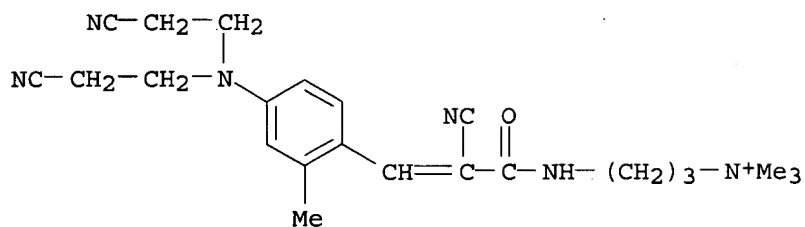
09772617

NAME)

CM 1

CRN 48224-30-2

CMF C23 H31 N6 O



CM 2

CRN 21228-90-0

CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-O-SO3-

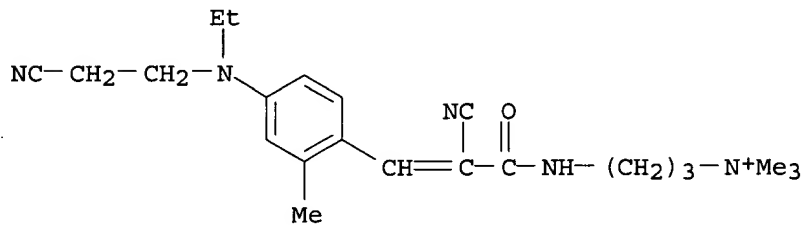
RN 42876-81-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-[(2-cyanoethyl)ethylamino]-2-methylphenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 48219-40-5

CMF C22 H32 N5 O



CM 2

CRN 21228-90-0

CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-O-SO3-

09772617

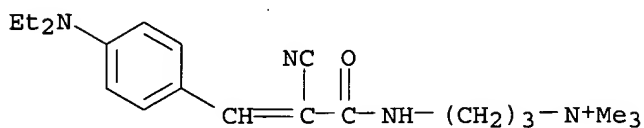
RN 42876-82-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[2-cyano-3-[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 48209-91-2

CMF C20 H31 N4 O



CM 2

CRN 21228-90-0

CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-O-SO₃⁻

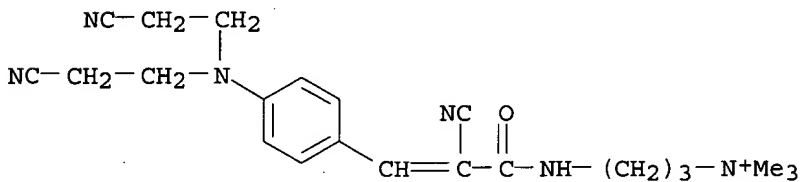
RN 42982-93-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Propanaminium, 3-[[3-[4-[bis(2-cyanoethyl)amino]phenyl]-2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]-N,N,N-trimethyl-, methyl sulfate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 49869-62-7

CMF C22 H29 N6 O



CM 2

CRN 21228-90-0

CMF C H3 O4 S

Me-O-SO₃⁻

L4 ANSWER 52 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:421592 CAPLUS

09772617

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:21592
 TITLE: Sensitizing dyes for electrophotographic layers
 INVENTOR(S): Kampfer, Helmut; Ohlschlager, Hans; Gesierich, Wolf
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agfa-Gevaert A.-G.
 SOURCE: U.S., 6 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3635706	A	19720118	US 1966-551033	19660518
DE 1497118	A	19690417	DE 1965-A49348	19650529
BE 681793	A	19661130	BE 1966-681793	19660531
			DE 1965-A49348	19650529

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB Sixty-three styryl dyes (I, R = H, Me, substituted alkyl; R1 = Me, substituted alkyl or phenyl; R2 = H, Br, Cl, Me, NO2; R3 = CN, aryl- or alkylsulfonyl, aroyl, carbalkoxy, carbamoyl, or thiocarbamoyl) were prepd. and used to sensitize electrophotog. layers contg. ZnO as a photoconductor. For example, p-Me2NC6H4CHO was condensed with p-MeC6H4SO2CH2CN to give a sensitizer dye (I, R = R1 = Me, R2 = H, R3 = p-MeC6H4SO2) [16092-97-0].

IT 16092-66-3P 16093-01-9P 16093-03-1P
 37400-98-9P 37400-99-0P 37401-34-6P
 37401-35-7P 37401-36-8P 37401-40-4P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

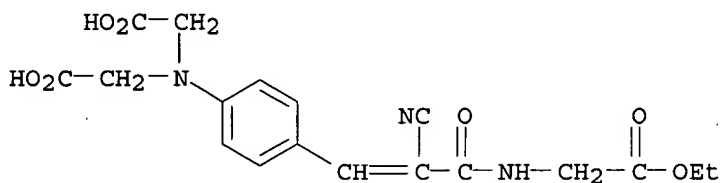
RN 16092-66-3 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]phenyl]-2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propenyl]-, 1-ethyl ester, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47588-87-4

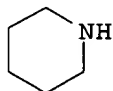
CMF C18 H19 N3 O7



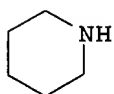
CM 2

CRN 110-89-4

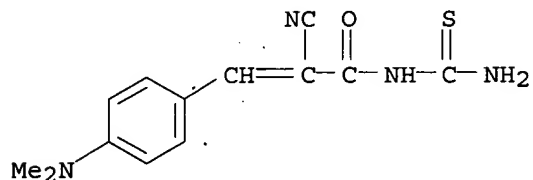
CMF C5 H11 N



09772617



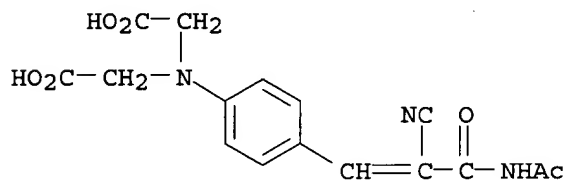
RN 16093-01-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, N-(aminothioxomethyl)-2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 16093-03-1 CAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-[4-[3-(acetylamino)-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-(carboxymethyl)-, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

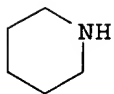
CM 1

CRN 47454-12-6
CMF C16 H15 N3 O6



CM 2

CRN 110-89-4
CMF C5 H11 N

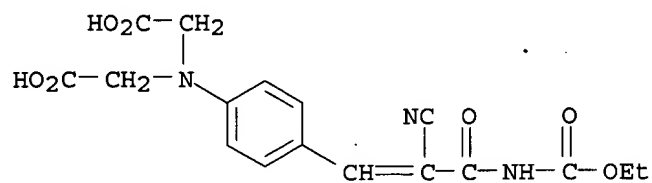


RN 37400-98-9 CAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-[4-[2-cyano-3-[(ethoxycarbonyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47551-26-8
CMF C17 H17 N3 O7

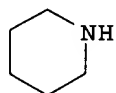
09772617



CM 2

CRN 110-89-4

CMF C5 H11 N



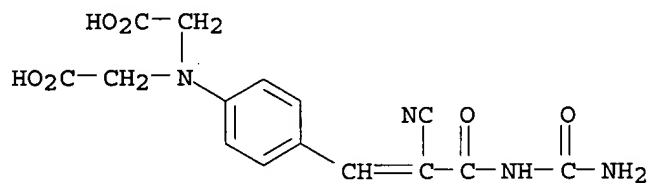
RN 37400-99-0 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[4-[3-[(aminocarbonyl)amino]-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-(carboxymethyl)-, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47454-13-7

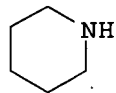
CMF C15 H14 N4 O6 .



CM 2

CRN 110-89-4

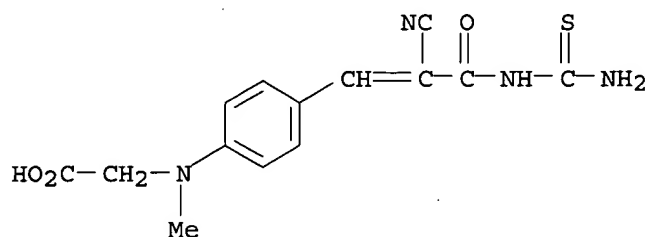
CMF C5 H11 N



RN 37401-34-6 CAPLUS

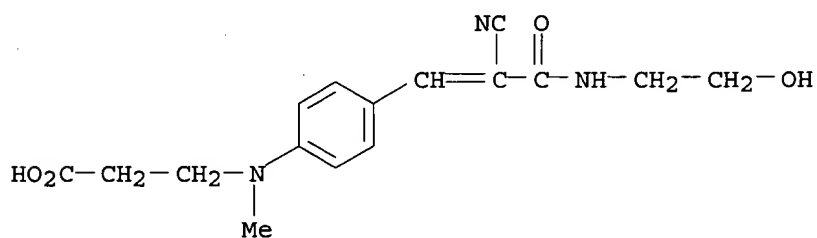
CN Glycine, N-[4-[3-[(aminothioxomethyl)amino]-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09772617



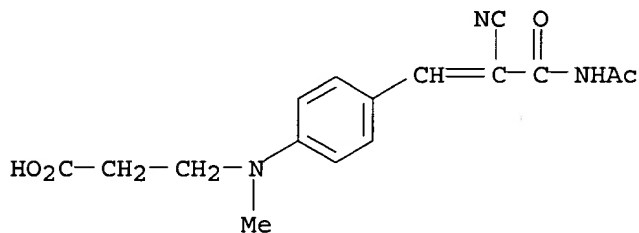
RN 37401-35-7 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4-[2-cyano-3-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 37401-36-8 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N-[4-[3-(acetylamino)-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



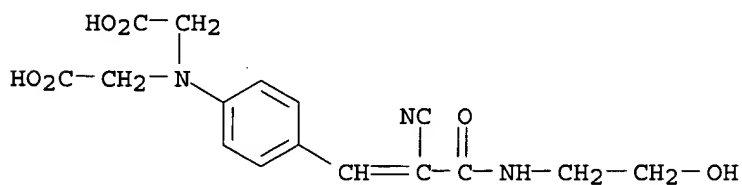
RN 37401-40-4 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-(carboxymethyl)-N-[4-[2-cyano-3-[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

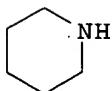
CM 1

CRN 47454-14-8

CMF C16 H17 N3 O6



CM 2

CRN 110-89-4
CMF C5 H11 N

L4 ANSWER 53 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:467676 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:67676
 TITLE: Fugitive polymeric azo dyes
 INVENTOR(S): Cohen, Werner V.; Kissa, Erik
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co.
 SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3507850	A	19700421	US 1966-552715	19660525
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1966-552715	19660525

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Polymeric dyes contg. azo or anthraquinone chromophores are prepd. by copolymg. the appropriate dye, contg. a CH₂:CMeCONH or CH₂:CMeCO₂ group, with CH₂:CMeCO₂H (I) and CH₂:CMeCO₂R (R = Me, Et, Bu, n-C₆H₁₃, N-C₈H₁₇) using [Me₂C(CN)N:]₂ (II) as initiator. The monomeric dyes are prepd. by reacting a diazonium salt with a coupler bearing a CH₂:CMeCO group, or by reacting a dye bearing a free NH₂ or OH group with CH₂:CMeCOCl (III). Thus, 0.2 mole 8,1,3,6-H₂N(HO)C₁₀H₄(SO₃Na)₂ in 1000 parts H₂O was adjusted to pH 7 (2N NaOH) and treated at 0-5.degree.C and pH 5-7 with 30 parts III during 2 hr. The resulting soln. was treated with a diazo soln. from 18.6 parts PhNH₂ to give IV, .lambda.max. 506 nm. A mixt. of I 63, CH₂:CMeCO₂Bu 261, and IV 17.5 in iso-PrOH 1100 and H₂O 900 parts was heated to 80.degree.C, treated with 3 parts II, treated with 63 parts I during 2 hr, heated for 20 hr, cooled to 25.degree.C, treated with 112 parts 28% aq. NH₃, and poured into 4000 parts H₂O and 900 parts 2N HCl to ppt. a red polymer (.lambda.max. 510 nm). The polymeric dye was applied from dil. aq. NH₃ to give a red tint which is completely removed on soap scouring from acetate rayon, acrylic, triacetate, cotton, polyester, nylon, silk, viscose rayon, and wool fibers, even if steaming at 220.degree.F precedes scouring. A series of 51 addnl. monoazo dye monomers, 24 disazo dye monomers, and 2 methine and 4 anthraquinone dye monomers was prepd.

IT 28499-76-5P, preparation
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

RN 28499-76-5 CAPLUS

CN Methacrylic acid, polymer with butyl methacrylate and N-[p-[2-cyano-2-[(2-hydroxyethyl)carbamoyl]vinyl]phenyl]-N-methyltaurine methacrylate (ester)

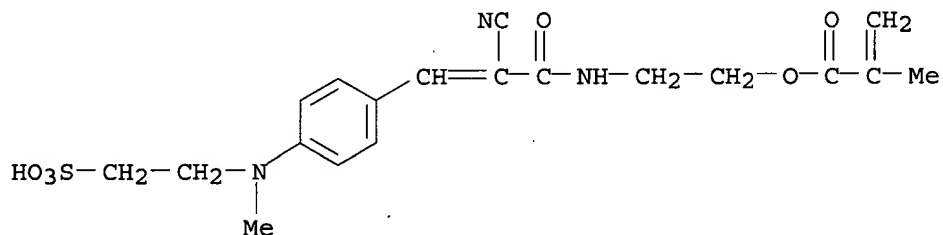
09772617

monosodium salt (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47635-87-0

CMF C19 H23 N3 O6 S . Na

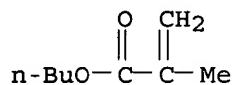


O Na

CM 2

CRN 97-88-1

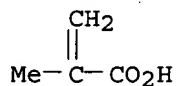
CMF C8 H14 O2



CM 3

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



L4 ANSWER 54 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:435288 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 73:35288

TITLE: Antitumor agents derived from benzaldehyde nitrogen mustards

AUTHOR(S): Florvall, Lennart

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Develop. Lab., AB Astra, Sodertalje, Swed.

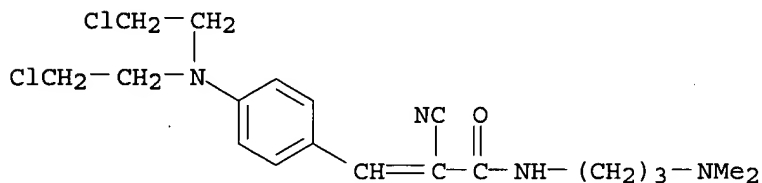
SOURCE: Acta Pharmaceutica Suecica (1970), 7(2), 87-104

CODEN: APSXAS; ISSN: 0001-6675

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

- AB The synthesis of some new derivs. of 4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]benzaldehyde is described. N,N-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)aniline was converted to 4-[bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]benzaldehyde in one step by reaction with PBr₃ in HCONMe₂. Appropriate benzaldehyde N mustards were condensed with 4-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)thiosemicarbazide, aminoguanidines, 4-amino-3-hydrazino-1,2,4-triazoles and miscellaneous derivs. of hydrazine. In addn. some compds. related to 4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-.alpha.-cyanocinnamamide were prepd. Representative products were evaluated against the Walker rat tumor 256 and L 1210 lymphoid leukemia in mice. Significant activity against the Walker tumor system was shown by compds. contg. the 1,2,4-triazole ring system. Of these, 4-amino-3-[4-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]benzylidenehydrazino]-1,2,4-triazole hydrochloride and its 2-Me homolog gave a total inhibition of the tumor at non-toxic doses. A few of the compds. prepd. showed some activity against leukemia L 1210.
- IT **27466-70-2P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)
- RN 27466-70-2 CAPLUS
- CN Cinnamamide, p-[bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-.alpha.-cyano-N-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 55 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:47320 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:47320

TITLE: Reactive dyes

INVENTOR(S): Boresch, Carl; Raue, Roderich

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SOURCE: Ger., 7 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXAW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 1229212		19661124	DE	19610307

AB Azo, methine, and anthraquinone dyes contg. a group of the formula -C(Y)N(R)CH(R1)O2CR2 (I) were prepd.; in I, Y = O or NH, R and R1 = H or a substituent, and R2 is alkyl. The dyes, useful for dyeing cellulose fibers wetfast shades from an acid bath, were prepd. by treatment of dyes contg. a RNHC(Y) group with an aliphatic aldehyde and esterifying the resulting methylol compds. with an aliphatic carboxylic acid. Thus, a mixt. of 5 parts 4-HO3SC6H4NH2 (II) .fwdarw. 1-phenyl-3-carbamoyl-5-pyrazolone (III), 1.5 parts paraformaldehyde (IV) and 15 parts AcOH (V) was heated at 80-5.degree. for 40 min., 5 parts Ac2O added held at

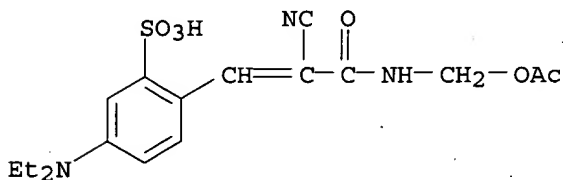
80.degree. for 10 min., cooled, and evapd. in vacuo to give a fast bright yellow dye for cotton. Similarly, the following dyes were prepd. (starting dye, aldehyde, carboxylic acid, and shade on cotton given): II .fwdarw. 3-methyl-5-pyrazolone, IV, V, greenish yellow; 2,4-HO3S(Et2N)C6H3CH:C(CN)CONH2, IV, V, yellow; 1-amino-4-(4-carbamoylanilino)anthraquinone-2-sulfonic acid, IV, V, blue; 4-H2NCOC6H4NH2 (VI) .fwdarw. 1-(4-sulfophenyl)-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone, IV, EtCO2H (VII), reddish yellow; VI .fwdarw. 1,8,3,6,-HO(AcNH)C10H4(SO3H)2 (VIII), IV, VII, blush red; VI .fwdarw. 1,6,3,-HO(BzNH)C10H5SO3H (IX), IV, VII, yellowish red; II .fwdarw. 2,3-HOC10H6CONH2 (X) IV, VII, yellowish red; VI .fwdarw. VIII, Me-CHO, V, reddish violet; VI .fwdarw. 2,6-HOC10H6SO3H (XI), EtCHO, V, yellow-orange; VI .fwdarw. VIII, Cl3CHO.H2O, V, bluish-red; Cr complex of 2,3,5-HO(O2N)(HO3S)C6H2NH2 .fwdarw. III, IV, V, bluishred; VI .fwdarw. 1-(4-sulfophenyl)-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone (XII), IV, V, yellow; 4-MeNHCOC6H4NH2 .fwdarw. XII, IV, V, greenish yellow; [2,4-HO3S(H2N)C6H3CH2]2 .fwdarw. 2 moles III, IV, V, reddish yellow; VI .fwdarw. 1,6,3-HO(H2N)C10H5SO3H, IV, V, yellowish scarlet; VI .fwdarw. XI, IV, V, reddish orange; VI .fwdarw. VIII, IV, V, yellowish red; VI .fwdarw. IX, IV, V, red; methine dye from 1,3,3-trimethyl-2-methyleneindoline-5-sulfonic acid and 1-phenyl-3-carbamoyl-4-(dimethylaminomethylene)-5-pyrazolone, IV, V, yellowish orange, II .fwdarw. X, IV, V, red; 2-HO3SC6H4NH2 .fwdarw. X, IV, V, reddish orange; 2:1 Cr complex of 2,4-HO(HO3S)C6H3NH2 (XIII) .fwdarw. III, IV, V, bluish red; 2:1 Cr complex of XIII .fwdarw. X, IV, V, violet; 1-amino-4-(4-ureidoanilino)anthraquinone-2-sulfonic acid, IV, V, blue; 3-H2NCONHC6H4NH2 (XIV) .fwdarw. XII, IV, V, reddish yellow; 2:1 Cr complex of 2,3,5-HO(HO3S)(O2N)C6H2NH2 .fwdarw. III, IV, V, yellowish brown; 1-amino-4-(2-carbamoylanilino)anthraquinone-2-sulfonic acid, IV, V, reddish blue; 2-H2NCOC6H4NH2 .fwdarw. 1-(2-sulfophenyl)-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone (XV), IV, V, reddish yellow; XIV .fwdarw. XV, IV, V, reddish yellow; XIV .fwdarw. 1-(4,8-disulfonaphthyl)-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone, IV, V, greenish yellow.

IT 14662-66-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 14662-66-9 CAPLUS

CN Metanilic acid, 6-[2-cyano-2-[(hydroxymethyl)carbamoyl]vinyl]-N,N-diethyl-, acetate (ester) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L4 ANSWER 56 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:42340 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:42340

TITLE: Spectrally sensitized electrophotographic systems

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gevaert-Agfa N. V.

SOURCE: Neth. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: NAXXAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Dutch

09772617

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
NL 6607403	A	19661025	NL 1966-7403	19660527
DE 1497118	A	19690417	DE 1965-A49348	19650529
BE 681793	A	19661130	BE 1966-681793	19660531
			DE 1965-A49348	19650529

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Use is made of styryl dyes of the general formula I, where R1 and R2 are H, alkyl, aryl, or other groups forming a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic ring; R3 is a H, alkyl, halogen, nitrile, or nitro group; and R4 is a nitrile, carboxyl, sulfonic acid, or acyl group. Such dyes are best suited for use with electrophotographic systems based on ZnO and have absorption max. of 420-80 m.mu.. The spectral sensitizing effect does not decrease on storage of the coated material, and layers contg. the dye are almost colorless. Thus, the piperidine salt of I (R1 = R3 = CH2CO2H; R2 is H; and R4 is CONHCH2CO2Et) was prepd. by refluxing p-aminobenzaldehyde-N, N-diacetic acid (2.4 g.) with cyanoacetyl glycine Et ester (1.9 g.) dissolved in EtOH (30 ml.) contg. piperidine (3 ml.). After 10 min., AcOH, was added and the ppt. was collected and recrystd. from iso-PrOH. The desired product was obtained in a yield of 3.6 g. (m. 181-2.degree.). The dye was adsorbed on 100 g. granulated ZnO from 100 ml. of 0.01% soln. in MeOH. Excess solvent was removed by evapn. and the ZnO was dispersed in a suitable binding agent (e.g. a phenyl methyl siloxane resin) and coated on paper using conventional techniques.

IT 16092-66-3 16093-01-9 16093-03-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(as sensitizer for zinc oxide photoconductor for electrophotography)

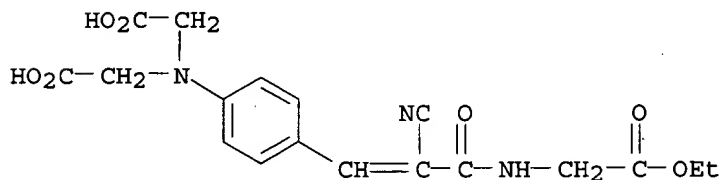
RN 16092-66-3 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N-[3-[4-[bis(carboxymethyl)amino]phenyl]-2-cyano-1-oxo-2-propenyl]-, 1-ethyl ester, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47588-87-4

CMF C18 H19 N3 O7

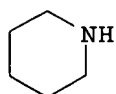


CM 2

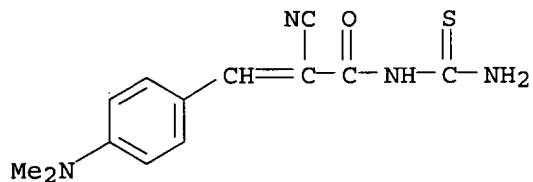
CRN 110-89-4

CMF C5 H11 N

09772617



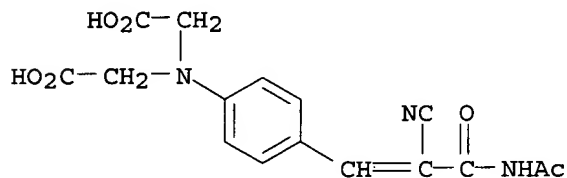
RN 16093-01-9 CAPLUS
CN 2-Propenamide, N-(aminothioxomethyl)-2-cyano-3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 16093-03-1 CAPLUS
CN Glycine, N-[4-[3-(acetylamino)-2-cyano-3-oxo-1-propenyl]phenyl]-N-(carboxymethyl)-, compd. with piperidine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

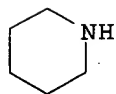
CM 1

CRN 47454-12-6
CMF C16 H15 N3 O6



CM 2

CRN 110-89-4
CMF C5 H11 N



L4 ANSWER 57 OF 57 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:469602 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:69602
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:12961a-f
TITLE: Azo and anthraquinone dyes
INVENTOR(S): Raue, Carl Boresch; Raue, Roderich
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbenfabriken Bayer A.-G.

SOURCE: 24 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
BE 614660		19620905	BE	
GB 971920			GB	
US 3261827		1966	US	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 19610307

AB Dyes contg. carboxamide groups are treated with an aldehyde and an org. acid to give compds. contg. $C(:O)N(R)CH(R')OC(:O)R''$ groups ($R = H$ or a substituent, $R' = H$ or alkyl; $R'' = Me$ or Et) which dye cotton and cellulose textiles. Thus, a mixt. of the dye (p-H₂NC₆H₄SO₃H .fwdarw. 1-phenyl-5-pyrazolone-3-carboxamide) 5, paraformaldehyde (I) 1.5, and HOAc 15 is heated at 80-5.degree. for 40 min., Ac₂O 5 parts added, and the mixt. heated at >80.degree. for 10 min., cooled, filtered, and the filtrate evapd. in vacuo at 40.degree. to give a dye. The prepd. dye (30 parts) is dissolved in 1000 parts H₂O contg. HOAc, and cotton is impregnated with the soln., treated (foulard) to 70%, fixed at 140.degree. for 15 min., and rinsed and soaped to give a bright yellow dyeing with good wet-and lightfastness. Other dyes are similarly prepd. (compd. treated with I and HOAc, shade on cotton given): p-H₂NC₆H₄SO₃H .fwdarw. 3-methyl-5-pyrazolone, greenish yellow; reaction product of p-H₂NC₆H₄CONH₂ (II) with 1-amino-4-bromoanthra-quinone-2-sulfonic acid, blue; p-H₂NC₆H₄SO₃H .fwdarw. 1-phenylpyrazolone-3-carboxamide (III), reddish yellow; p-H₂NC₆H₄CONHMe .fwdarw. 1-(p-sulfophenyl)-3-methylpyrazolone (IV), greenish yellow; [4,2-H₂N(HO₃S)C₆H₃CH₂]₂ two stacked rightwards arrow II, reddish yellow; II .fwdarw. 1,6,3-HO(H₂N)(HO₃S)C₁₀H₅, yellowish scarlet; II .fwdarw. 2,6-HO(HO₃S)C₁₀H₆, reddish orange; II .fwdarw. 1,8,3,6-HO(AcNH)-(HO₃S)C₁₀H₄ (V), wine red; II .fwdarw. 1,6,3-HO(BzNH)(HO₃S)-C₁₀H₅, reddish yellow; II .fwdarw. IV, yellow; reaction product of 1,3,3-trimethyl-2-methyleneindolene-5-sulfonic acid with 1-phenyl-4-(dimethylaminomethylene)pyrazolone-3-carboxamide, yellowish orange; p-H₂NC₆H₄SO₃H .fwdarw. 2,3-HO(H₂NCOC₁₀H₆, bright red; o-H₂NC₆H₄SO₃H .fwdarw. 2,3-HO(H₂NCO)C₁₀H₆, yellowish orange; 1:2 Cr complex of [3,4-HO(H₂N)C₆H₃SO₁₄H (VI) .fwdarw. III], slightly bluish red; 1:2 Cr complex of [VI .fwdarw. 2,3-HO(H₂NCO)C₁₀H₆], violet; 1-amino-4-(m-ureidoanilino)anthraquinone-2-sulfonic acid, blue; 3-H₂NC₆H₄NHCONH₂ .fwdarw. IV, reddish yellow; 1:2 Cr complex of [2,3,5-HO(HO₃S)(O₂N)C₆H₂NH₂ .fwdarw. III, yellowish brown; 1-amino-4-(o-carbamoylanilino)anthraquinone-2-sulfonic acid, reddish blue; 2-H₂NC₆H₄CONH₂ .fwdarw. 1-(2-sulfophenyl)-3-phenylpyrazolone, reddish yellow; 1-(o-sulfophenyl)-3-methyl-4-(m-ureidophenylazo)-5-pyrazolone, reddish yellow; Cr complex of [2,4,6-HO(HO₃S)(O₂N)C₆H₂NH₂ .fwdarw. III], bluish red; 3-H₂NC₆H₄NHCONH₂ .fwdarw. 1-(4,8-disulfonaphthyl)-3-methylpyrazolone, greenish yellow. Also prepd. are the following dyes (reactant, aldehyde, acid, color on cotton given): II .fwdarw. V, AcH, HOAc, reddish violet; II .fwdarw. 2,6-HO(HO₃S)C₁₀H₆, EtCHO, HOAc, orange yellow; II .fwdarw. V, Cl₃CCHO.H₂O, HOAc, bluish red; II .fwdarw. IV, I, EtCO₂H, reddish yellow; also prepd. is 4-(m-sulfophenylazo)-1-(acetoxymethyl)-3-methyl-5-pyrazolone, greenish yellow on cotton.

IT 14662-66-9, Metanilic acid, 6-[2-cyano-2-[(hydroxymethyl)carbamoyl]vinyl]-N,N-diethyl-, acetate (prepn. of)

RN 14662-66-9 CAPLUS

CN Metanilic acid, 6-[2-cyano-2-[(hydroxymethyl)carbamoyl]vinyl]-N,N-diethyl-, acetate (ester) (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09772617

